



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



FORSCHEN  
LEHREN  
HEILEN

# Diagnosis and Treatment of Patients with early and advanced Breast Cancer

## Oncoplastic and Reconstructive Surgery



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:




[www.ago-online.de](http://www.ago-online.de)

FORSCHEN  
LEHREN  
HEILEN

## Plastic-Reconstructive Aspects after Mastectomy


- **Versions 2002–2022:**  
**Audretsch / Bauerfeind / Blohmer / Brunnert / Dall / Ditsch / Fersis /  
Friedrich/ Gerber / Hanf/ Heil / Kühn / Kümmel / Lux / Nitz / Rezai /  
Rody / Scharl / Solbach / Thill / Thomssen / Wöckel**
- **Version 2023:**  
**Dall / Ditsch**



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de


FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Definition of Oncoplastic Surgical Procedures

**Use of plastic surgical techniques at the time of tumor removal to enable safe resection margins and to preserve aesthetic breast contour.**

**Focus on favorable scar placement, adequate soft tissue formation, choice of proper reconstruction procedure (including in the context of radiation) and presentation of the possibilities of the aligning operation of the contralateral side to achieve symmetric results.**


1. Abhishek Chatterjee , Jennifer Gass , Krishnabhai Patel et al.; A Consensus Definition and Classification System of Oncoplastic Surgery Developed by the American Society of Breast Surgeons. Ann Surg Oncol. 2019 Oct;26(11):3436-3444.
2. Bertozzi N, et al. Oncoplastic breast surgery: comprehensive review. 2017; 21(11): 2572-2585.
3. Kuerer H et al. Optimizing breast cancer adjuvant radiation and integration of breast and reconstructive surgery. ASCO Educational Book 2017



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de  
FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Classifications

**1. By Hoffmann / Wallwiener:**


**Classification by reconstructive surgery complexity with respect to breast conservation and mastectomy: PubMed Central, Figure 1: BMC Cancer. 2009; 9: 108. Published online 2009 Apr 8. doi: 10.1186/1471-2407-9-108 (nih.gov)**

**2. By Clough:**

**Oncoplastic classification for breast conservation according to relative resection volume: Level 1: < 20 % of breast volume resection („simple oncoplastic surgery“) and Level 2 > 20 % of breast volume resection with quadrant per quadrant techniques of mastopexy.**

Hoffmann D et al., BMC 2009; Clough KB et al., Ann Surg Oncol 2010


1. Hoffmann D et al Classifying breast cancer surgery: a novel, complexity-based system for oncological, oncoplastic and reconstructive procedures, and proof of principle by analysis of 1225 operations in 1166 patients. BMC Cancer. 2009 Apr 8;9:108. doi: 10.1186/1471-2407-9-108.
2. Clough KB et al Improving breast cancer surgery: a classification and quadrant per quadrant atlas for oncoplastic surgery. Ann Surg Oncol. 2010 May;17(5):1375-91. doi: 10.1245/s10434-009-0792-y. Epub 2010 Feb 6.
3. Weber WP et al First international consensus conference on standardization of oncoplastic breast conserving surgery. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2017 Aug;165(1):139-149.



AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

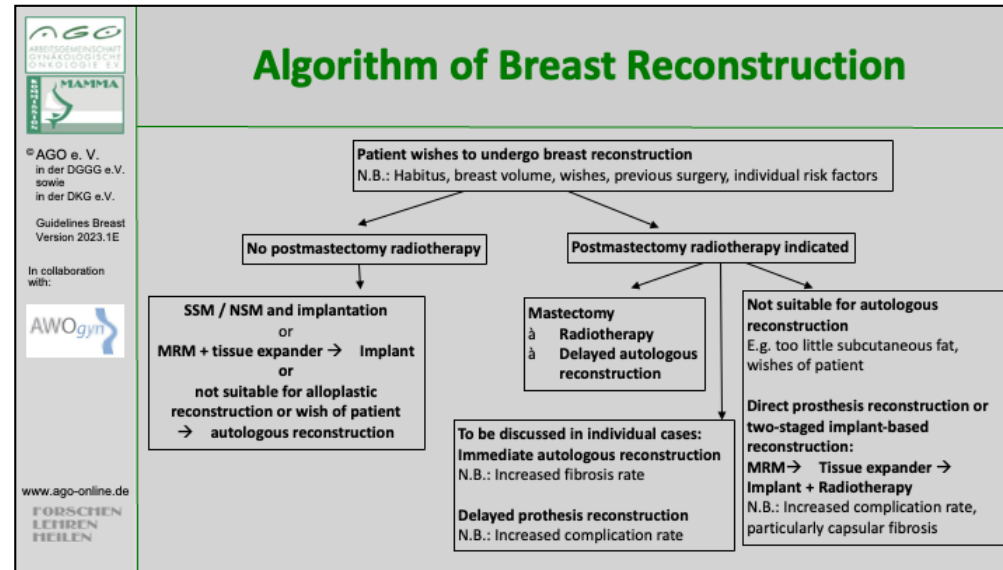
## Oncoplastic Breast Conserving Surgery (OPS)

	Oxford	
	LoE	GR
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OPS may replace mastectomy in selected patients               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>also in case of multicentric / multifocal tumors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<b>2b</b> <b>2b<sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>B</b> <b>B</b> <b>+</b> <b>+</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OPS and BCS are oncologically similar</li> </ul>	<b>2a</b>	<b>B</b> <b>++</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Complication rates of OPS and BCS are similar</li> </ul>	<b>2a</b>	<b>B</b> <b>+/-</b>

1. Francesca De Lorenzi, Francesco Borelli, Eleonora Pagan: Oncoplastic Breast-Conserving Surgery for Synchronous Multicentric and Multifocal Tumors: Is It Oncologically Safe? A Retrospective Matched-Cohort Analysis. Ann Surg Oncol (2022) 29:427–436
2. CL Rutherford, S Barker, L Romics: A systematic review of oncoplastic volume replacement breast surgery: oncological safety and cosmetic outcome. Ann R Coll Surg Engl 2022; 104: 5–17, doi 10.1308/rcsann.2021.0012
3. Boughey JC, Rosenkranz KM, Ballmann KV, et al: Impact of breast conservation therapy on local recurrence in patients with multiple ipsilateral breast cancer – results from ACOSOG Z11102 (Alliance). SABCS, 2022
4. C André, C Holsti , A Svenner,...de Boniface J: Recurrence and survival after standard versus oncoplastic breast-conserving surgery for breast cancer. Multicenter Study BJS Open. 2021 Jan 8;5(1):zraa013.
5. Ali Yasen Y Mohamedahmed , Shafquat Zaman, Shaista Zafar, et al: Comparison of surgical and oncological outcomes between oncoplastic breast-conserving surgery versus conventional breast-conserving surgery for treatment of breast cancer: A systematic review and meta-analysis of 31 studies. 2022 Jun;42:101779.
6. Florian Fitzal, Michael Bolliger, Daniela Dunkler, et al: Retrospective, Multicenter Analysis Comparing Conventional with Oncoplastic Breast Conserving Surgery: Oncological and Surgical Outcomes in Women with High-Risk Breast Cancer from the OPBC-01/iTOP2 Study. Ann Surg Oncol (2022) 29:1061–1070
7. Jeniffer Shah, Kelsey Lipman, Rachel Pedreira et al. The impact of oncoplastic reduction on initiation of adjuvant

radiation and need for reexcision: A database evaluation. *Ann Plast Surg* 89:e11-e17 (2022).

8. Ida Oberhauser, Jasmin Zeindler, Mathilde Ritter et al. Impact of oncoplastic breast surgery on rate of complications, time to adjuvant treatment and risk of recurrence. *Breast Care* 16: 452-460 (2021)
9. Gulcelik MA et al Feasibility of level II oncoplastic techniques in the surgical management of locally advanced breast cancer after neoadjuvant treatment. *Int J Clin Pract*. 2021 Jan 6;e13987. doi: 10.1111/ijcp.13987.
10. Kosasih S et al Is oncoplastic breast conserving surgery oncologically safe? A meta-analysis of 18,103 patients. *Am J Surg*. 2020 Aug;220(2):385-392. doi: 10.1016/j.amjsurg.2019.12.019. Epub 2020 Jan 2.
11. Aristokleous I et al Quality of life after oncoplastic breast-conserving surgery: a systematic review. *ANZ J Surg*. 2019 Jun;89(6):639-646. doi: 10.1111/ans.15097. Epub 2019 Apr 12.
12. Mansell J et al Oncoplastic breast conservation surgery is oncologically safe when compared to wide local excision and mastectomy. *Breast*. 2017 Apr;32:179-185. doi: 10.1016/j.breast.2017.02.006. Epub 2017 Feb 17.
13. Piper ML et al Outcomes Following Oncoplastic Reduction Mammoplasty: A Systematic Review. *Ann Plast Surg*. 2016 May;76 Suppl 3:S222-6. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000000720.
14. Wijnman DJ et al Short term safety of oncoplastic breast conserving surgery for larger tumors. *Eur J Surg Oncol*. 2017 Apr;43(4):665-671. doi: 10.1016/j.ejso.2016.11.021. Epub 2016 Dec 18.
15. Crown A et al Oncoplastic Breast-Conserving Surgery Reduces Mastectomy and Postoperative Re-excision Rates. *Ann Surg Oncol*. 2015 Oct;22(10):3363-8. doi: 10.1245/s10434-015-4738-2. Epub 2015 Jul 25.



1. El-Sabawi B, et al. Radiation and breast reconstruction: Algorithmic approach and evidence-based outcomes. J Surg Oncol. 2016; 113(8):906-12
2. Gerber B, et al. Breast Reconstruction Following Cancer Treatment. Dtsch Arztebl Int. 2015; 112(35-36):593-600
3. Kuerer H, et al. Optimizing breast cancer adjuvant radiation and integration of breast and reconstructive surgery. ASCO Educational Book 2017; Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, Fig. 2 und 3
4. Cordeiro P, et al. What is the optimum timing of postmastectomy radiotherapy in two-stage prosthetic reconstruction: radiation to the tissue expander or permanent implant? Plast Reconstr Surg. 2015 Jun;135(6):1509-1517. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000001278.PMID: 25742523
5. Bennett KG, Qi J, Kim HM, et al.: Comparison of 2-Year Complication Rates Among Common Techniques for Postmastectomy Breast Reconstruction. JAMA Surg. 2018 Oct 1;153(10):901-908. doi: 10.1001/jamasurg.2018.1687.
6. He WY et al. Complications and Patient-reported Outcomes after TRAM and DIEP Flaps: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open. 2020 Oct 29;8(10):e3120. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000003120. eCollection 2020 Oct.PMID: 33173667

AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:

www.ago-online.de  
FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN


## Breast Reconstruction Principles Good Clinical Practice

### AGO: ++

- Planning of reconstructive procedure by interdisciplinary tumor board before mastectomy
- Counseling regarding all surgical techniques, including advantages and disadvantages
- Preference for autologous reconstruction after radiotherapy or if radiotherapy is planned
- Offer second opinion
- Discussion of neoadjuvant treatment (if tumorbiologically indicated) in case of unfavorable tumor-breast-relation
- Consideration of contralateral breast;
  - discuss possible alignment / sequencing surgical procedures to produce symmetry; usually after at least 3-6 months (Caveat: need for post-resections, consider effects of radiotherapy for affected side)
- Preference for less stressful surgical technique with stable long-term esthetic result (prefer BCS / OPS over mastectomy)
- Avoid delay of adjuvant therapy due to reconstruction
- Assessment of outcome, e.g. Patient Reported Outcome (PRO)
- Oncologic safety is not impaired

1. AWMF Leitlinien: S3-LL. Brustrekonstruktion mit Eigengewebe. Registernummer 015 – 075, Stand: 01.04.2015 , gültig bis 31.03.2020?
2. Bertozzi N et al. Oncoplastic breast surgery: comprehensive review. Eur Rev Med Pharmacol Sci. 2017; 21(11):2572-2585.
3. Smith BL et al. Oncologic safety of nipple-sparing mastectomy in women with breast cancer. J Am Coll Surg 2017 Sep;225(3):361-365. doi: 10.1016/j.jamcollsurg.2017.06.013. Epub 2017 Jul 17. PMID: 28728962
4. Colwell AS et al. Nipple-sparing mastectomy and direct to implant breast reconstruction. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2017; 140(5S Advances in Breast Reconstruction):44S-50S.
5. Brice Jabo, Ann C. Lin, Mayada A. Aljehani et al. Impact of Breast Reconstruction on Time to Definitive Surgical Treatment, Adjuvant Therapy, and Breast Cancer Outcomes. Ann Surg Oncol 2018 Oct;25(10):3096-3105.
6. Cordova LZ, Hunter-Smith DJ, Rozen WM. Patient reported outcome measures (PROMs) following mastectomy with breast reconstruction or without reconstruction: a systematic review. Gland Surg 2019;8(4):441-451
7. Khajuria A, Prokopenko M, Greenfield M et al. Meta-analysis of Clinical, Patient-Reported Outcomes and Cost of DIEP versus Implant-based Breast Reconstruction. Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open 2019;7:e2486
8. Phan R, Hunter-Smith DJ, Rozen WM. The use of Patient Reported Outcome Measures in assessing patient outcomes when comparing autologous to alloplastic breast reconstruction: a systematic review. Gland Surg 2019;8(4):452-460






© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Mastectomy and Reconstruction Options

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
▪ <b>Use of silicone gel filled breast implants* one step or two steps after expander</b>	2a	B	+
▪ <b>Autologous tissue reconstruction</b>	2a	B	+
▪ <b>Pedicled tissue reconstruction</b>	2a	B	+
▪ <b>Free tissue reconstruction (including vascular anastomoses)</b>	2a	B	+
▪ <b>Autologous tissue procedure plus implants</b>	3a	C	+/-

**Caveat: BMI > 30, smoking status, diabetes, radiotherapy, age, bilateral mastectomy**

\* Documentation in implant registry

1. Ian J Saldanha , Justin M Broyles, Gaelen P Adam , et al: Implant-based Breast Reconstruction after Mastectomy for Breast Cancer: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open. 2022 Mar 18;10(3):e4179. doi: 10.1097/GOX.00000000000004179. eCollection 2022 Mar.
2. Brucker SY, Scharl AJ, Blohmer J, Thill M, Solbach C: Stellungnahme Deutsche Gesellschaft für Senologie, die Deutsche Gesellschaft für Gynäkologie und Geburtshilfe und ihrer Arbeitsgemeinschaft für ästhetische, plastische und wiederherstellende Operationsverfahren in der Gynäkologie und ihrer Arbeitsgemeinschaft für Gynäkologische Onkologie zum Entwurf einer Verordnung zum Betrieb des Implantatregisters Deutschland. Senologie. 2021;18:213–229
3. S. Paluch-Shimon, F. Cardoso, A. H. Partridge, et al: ESOeESMO fifth international consensus guidelines for breast cancer in young women (BCY5). Annals of Oncology, Vol 33, Issue 11, 2022
4. Wilkins EG, et al. Complications in Postmastectomy Breast Reconstruction: One-year Outcomes of the Mastectomy Reconstruction Outcomes Consortium (MROC) Study. Ann Surg. 2018 Jan;267(1):164-170. doi: 10.1097/SLA.0000000000002033.PMID: 27906762
5. Zhu L, et al. Comparison of subcutaneous versus submuscular expander placement in the first stage of immediate breast reconstruction. J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg. 2016; 69(4):e77-86.

6. Singh N, et al. Five-Year Safety Data for More than 55,000 Subjects following Breast Implantation: Comparison of Rare Adverse Event Rates with Silicone Implants versus National Norms and Saline Implants. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2017; 140(4):666-679.
7. Potter S et al. Short-term safety outcomes of mastectomy and immediate implant-based breast reconstruction with and without mesh (iBRA): a multicentre, prospective cohort study. *Lancet Oncol* 2019 Jan 9. pii: S1470-2045(18)30781-2.
8. Porter BE et al. Comparison of Saline Expanders and Air Expanders for Breast Reconstruction. *Ann Plast Surg.* 2020 Jun;84(6S Suppl 5):S396-S400. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000002154.PMID: 31868761

Timing of Reconstruction			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Immediate breast reconstruction           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mandatory: SSM / NSM</li> <li>Avoidance of a postmastectomy syndrome</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3b	B	++
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delayed breast reconstruction (2-step)           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No interference with adjuvant procedures (CHT, RT)</li> <li>Disadvantage: loss of skin envelope</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3b	B	++
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>„Delayed-immediate“ breast reconstruction (placeholder before definitive reconstruction)</li> </ul>	3b	B	+

1. Jajini Varghese,, Shireen S. Gohari, Hirah Rizki .... Peter Schmid: A systematic review and meta-analysis on the effect of neoadjuvant chemotherapy on complications following immediate breast reconstruction. The BREAST 55-62, 2021
2. Korri S Hershenhouse, Katherine Bick, Orr Shauly,et al: "Systematic review and meta-analysis of immediate versus delayed autologous breast reconstruction in the setting of post-mastectomy adjuvant radiation therapy" Meta-Analysis J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg. 2021 May;74(5):931-944.
3. André S Alves, Vincent Tan, Matteo Scampa, et al:Complications of Immediate versus Delayed DIEP Reconstruction: A Meta-Analysis of Comparative Studies. Review Cancers (Basel). 2022 Sep 1;14(17):4272. doi: 10.3390/cancers14174272.
4. Jagsi R et al. Complications After Mastectomy and Immediate Breast Reconstruction for Breast Cancer: A Claims-Based Analysis. Ann Surg. 2016; 263(2):219-27.
5. Maione L et al. What Is the Optimum Timing of Postmastectomy Radiotherapy in Two-Stage Prosthetic Reconstruction: Radiation to the Tissue Expander or Permanent Implant? Plast Reconstr Surg. 2016; 138(1):150e-1e.
6. Ribuffo D et al. Comparison of Delayed and Immediate Tissue Expander Breast Reconstruction in the Setting of Postmastectomy Radiation Therapy. Ann Plast Surg. 2016; 76(6):743-4.
7. Sharpe SM et al. Impact of bilateral versus unilateral mastectomy on short term outcomes and adjuvant therapy, 2003–2010: a report from the National Cancer Data Base. Ann Surg Oncol. 2014; 21:2920–7.

8. Zhong T et al. A Comparison of Surgical Complications Between Immediate Breast Reconstruction and Mastectomy: The Impact on Delivery of Chemotherapy-An Analysis of 391 Procedures. *Ann Surg Oncol*. 2012; 19(2):560-6.
9. D'Souza N et al. Immediate versus delayed reconstruction following surgery for breast cancer. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2011; (7):CD008674.
10. Srinivasa DR et al. Direct to implant versus two stage tissue expander/implant reconstruction: 2 year risks and patient reported outcomes from a prospective, multicenter study. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2017; 140(5):869-877.
11. Negenborn VL, Young-Afat DA, Dikmans REG et al: Quality of life and patient satisfaction after one-stage implant-based breast reconstruction with an acellular dermal matrix versus two-stage breast reconstruction (BRIOS): primary outcome of a randomised, controlled trial. *Lancet Oncol* 2018 Sep;19(9):1205-1214.

Timing of implant Based Reconstruction and Radiotherapy			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
■ <b>Implant reconstruction (IR)</b>			
■ IR without radiotherapy	2a	B	+
■ IR prior to radiotherapy	2a	B	++
■ IR following radiotherapy	2a	B	+
■ IR following secondary mastectomy (after BCS* with radiotherapy)	2b	B	+/-
■ Perioperative antibiotic prophylaxis (max. 24 hours)	2a	B	+/-
	2a	B	+

\* BCS: Breast Conserving Surgery

#### Radiation:

1. Santosa KB et al. Postmastectomy Radiation Therapy and Two-Stage Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: Is There a Better Time to Irradiate? *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 138(4):761-9.
2. Maione L et al. What Is the Optimum Timing of Postmastectomy Radiotherapy in Two-Stage Prosthetic Reconstruction: Radiation to the Tissue Expander or Permanent Implant? *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 138(1):150e-1e.
3. El-Sabawi B et al. Radiation and breast reconstruction: Algorithmic approach and evidence-based outcomes. *J Surg Oncol.* 2016; 113(8):906-12.
4. Lee KT, Mun GH. Prosthetic breast reconstruction in previously irradiated breasts: A meta-analysis. *J Surg Oncol.* 2015; 112(5):468-75.
5. Albornoz CR et al. Implant breast reconstruction and radiation: a multicenter analysis of long-term health-related quality of life and satisfaction. *Ann Surg Oncol.* 2014; 21(7):2159-64.
6. Valdatta L et al. Acellular dermal matrices and radiotherapy in breast reconstruction: a systematic review and meta-analysis of the literature. *Plast Surg Int.* 2014; 472604.
7. Kkelley BP et al. A systematic review of morbidity associated with autologous breast reconstruction before and after exposure to radiotherapy: are current practices ideal? *Ann Surg Oncol.* 2014; 21(5):1732-8.
8. Berbers J et al. Reconstruction: before or after postmastectomy radiotherapy? A systematic review of the literature.

Eur J Cancer. 2014; 50(16):2752-62.


9. Eriksson M et al. Radiotherapy in implant-based immediate breast reconstruction: risk factors, surgical outcomes, and patient-reported outcome measures in a large Swedish multicenter cohort. *Breast Cancer Res Treat.* 2013; 142(3):591-601.
10. Momoh AO et al. Delayed autologous breast reconstruction after postmastectomy radiation therapy: is there an optimal time? *Ann Plast Surg.* 2012; 69(1):14-8.
11. Mirzabeigi MN et al. Extended trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole prophylaxis for implant reconstruction in the previously irradiated chest wall. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2012; 129(1):1e-7e.
12. Barry M, Kell MR. Radiotherapy and breast reconstruction: a meta-analysis. *Breast Cancer Res Treat.* 2011; 127(1):15-22.
13. Magill LJ et al. Determining the outcomes of post-mastectomy radiation therapy delivered to the definitive implant in patients undergoing one- and two-stage implant-based breast reconstruction: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2017; 70(10):1329-1335.
14. Jagsi R et al. Impact of Radiotherapy on Complications and Patient-Reported Outcomes After Breast Reconstruction. *J Natl Cancer Inst.* 2018; 110(2).
15. Batenburg MCT et al. on behalf of the UMBRELLA study group. Patient-reported cosmetic satisfaction and the long-term association with quality of life in irradiated breast cancer patients. *Breast Cancer Research and Treatment* <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10549-019-05470-y>

#### Prophylactic antibiotics:

1. Phillips BT, Halvorson EG. Antibiotic Prophylaxis following Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: What Is the Evidence? *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 138(4):751-7.
2. Hunter JG. Discussion: Antibiotic Prophylaxis following Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: What Is the Evidence? *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 138(4):758-9.
3. Phillips BT, et al. Prophylactic Postoperative Antibiotics Necessary for Immediate Breast Reconstruction? Results of a Prospective Randomized Clinical Trial. *J Am Coll Surg.* 2016; 222(6):1116-24.
4. Townley WA, et al. single pre-operative antibiotic dose is as effective as continued antibiotic prophylaxis in implant-based breast reconstruction: A matched cohort study. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2015; 68(5):673-8.
5. Hai Y, Chong W, Lazar MA. Extended Prophylactic Antibiotics for Mastectomy with Immediate Breast Reconstruction: A

Meta-analysis. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2020 Jan 27;8(1):e2613. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000002613.  
eCollection 2020 Jan. PMID: 32095414


6. Yamin, Feras; Nouri, Andrew; McAuliffe, Phoebe BA et al.; Routine Postoperative Antibiotics After Tissue Expander Placement Postmastectomy Does Not Improve Outcome. *Annals of Plastic Surgery*:July 2021 - Volume 87 - Issue 1s - p S28-S30



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Metaanalysis of Prophylactic Antibiotics > 24 h in Implant-based Immediate Breast Reconstruction (IBR)

- **11 studies (15,966 mastectomy procedures)**
- **Three studies comparing topical antibiotics with no topical antibiotics demonstrated statistical significance (RR = 0.26, 95% CI: 0.12–0.60, P = 0.001)**
- **8 studies comparing extended systemic antibiotics with standard of care found no statistical significance (RR = 0.80, 95% CI: 0.60–1.08, P = 0.13).**

**LoE 2a B**

In the setting of immediate breast reconstruction (IBR) following mastectomy, there is insufficient evidence for the use of extended prophylactic antibiotics to reduce surgical site infection (SSI) rates. Well-designed randomized controlled trials in patients undergoing IBR should be conducted to determine the appropriate regimen and/or duration of prophylactic antibiotics on SSI outcomes.

Hai Y et al. Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open 2020;8:e2613; doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000002613.

1. Hai Y, Chong W, Lazar MA. Extended Prophylactic Antibiotics for Mastectomy with Immediate Breast Reconstruction: A Meta-analysis. Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open. 2020 Jan 27;8(1):e2613. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000002613. eCollection 2020 Jan. PMID: 32095414



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:

www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Possible Associations between Implants and Rare Diseases

- **US FDA Breast Implant Postapproval Studies (LPAS)**  
**Long-term Outcomes in 99,993 Patients**  
**(Primary Augmentation: N = 71.937 / Primary Reconstruction: N = 9942)**  
**- 56% of implants were silicone implants**
- **Possible Associations:**
  - Sjogren syndrome: (SIR\* 8.14)
  - scleroderma: (SIR 7.00)
  - rheumatoid arthritis: (SIR 5.96)
  - stillbirth: (SIR 4.50)
  - melanoma: (SIR 3.71)
- **At 7 years, reoperation rate is 11.7% for primary augmentation, and 25% for primary / revision reconstruction.**
- **One case of BIA-ALCL**

**Associations need to be further analyzed with patient-level data to provide conclusive evidence!**

\* Standardized incidence ratio

### Statistical Analysis:

LPAS data is expressed relative to normative population rates using standardized incidence ratios (SIRs)

Systemic harm rates in the study population are calculated per 10,000 person-years.


Normative population rates for systemic harms, self-harm, and reproductive outcomes are obtained from the literature; rates reflect LPAS demographics for female sex, age, and race in the United States.

1. Coroneos CJ et al. US FDA Breast Implant Postapproval Studies: Long-term Outcomes in 99,993 Patients. Ann Surg 2019 Jan;269(1):30-36.

Possible Associations between Implants and Rare Diseases							
Rare Systemic Harms Compared With the General Population:							
	Manufacturer	Study Events	Study Event Rate (Per 10,000 Person Yr)	General Population Event Rate (Per 10,000 Person Yr)	SIR	SIR 95% CI	P Value
Fibromyalgia	Allergan	9	1.8	112.8	0.02	0.01–0.03	< 0.001
	Mentor	307	28.4	112.8	0.25	0.22–0.28	< 0.001
Rheumatoid arthritis	Allergan	4	0.8	5.4	0.15	0.04–0.38	< 0.001
	Mentor	349	32.2	5.4	5.96	5.35–6.62	< 0.001
Scleroderma	Mentor	46	4.2	0.6	7.00	5.12–9.34	< 0.001
Sjogren syndrome	Mentor	62	5.7	0.7	8.14	6.24–10.44	< 0.001
Systemic lupus erythematosus	Allergan	3	0.6	5.4	0.11	0.02–0.32	< 0.001
	Mentor	66	6.0	5.4	1.11	0.86–1.41	0.398
Cancer	Allergan	80	16.0	41.3	0.39	0.31–0.48	< 0.001
	Mentor	532	63.8	41.3	1.54	1.42–1.68	< 0.001
Breast cancer	Mentor	116	13.9	12.5	1.11	0.92–1.33	0.26
Lung cancer	Mentor	5	0.6	5.2	0.12	0.04–0.27	< 0.001
Brain cancer	Mentor	3	0.4	0.6	0.67	0.14–1.95	0.639
Melanoma	Mentor	65	7.8	2.1	3.71	2.87–4.73	< 0.001
Neurological disorder	Allergan	18	3.6	22.5	0.16	0.09–0.25	< 0.001
	Mentor	394	35.8	22.5	1.59	1.44–1.76	< 0.001
Multiple sclerosis	Mentor	47	4.3	2.5	1.72	1.26–2.29	0.001
Myositis	Mentor	17	1.5	0.8	1.88	1.09–3.00	0.018

Allergan follow-up 2 years  
Mentor follow-up 7 years


1. Coroneos CJ et al. US FDA Breast Implant Postapproval Studies: Long-term Outcomes in 99,993 Patients. Ann Surg 2019 Jan;269(1):30-36.



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGB e. V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e. V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de  
FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN


## Breast Implant Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL)

- Approximately 10.000.000 implant carrier
- Rare disease, 3% of Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas, 0.04-0.5% of all malignant breast diseases
- 1:3.000–30.000 in women with textured implants (caveat: underreporting!)
- Estimated incidence 0.6-1.2 / 100.000 women with implants (median age: 54 y)
- Mainly associated with textured implants
- Interval to diagnosis: 8 years (median)
- Clinical symptoms
  - Swelling and seroma. (60%)
  - Solid tumor (17%)
  - Seroma and solid tumor (20%)
- Histology: CD30+ / ALK-T-Cell Lymphoma
- Compulsory registration as SAE (§3 MPSV to BfArM)

### Reviews

1. Kim, B., Predmore, Z. S., Mattke, S., et al. (2015). Breast Implant-associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma: Updated Results from a Structured Expert Consultation Process. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2015 Feb 6;3(1):e296. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000000268. eCollection 2015 Jan. PMID: 25674377
2. Eaves F, Nahai F. Anaplastic large cell lymphoma and breast implants: FDA report. *Aesthetic Surgery Journal* 2011; 31(4), 467–468. <http://doi.org/10.1177/1090820X11407872>
3. Rupani A et al. Lymphomas Associated with Breast Implants: A Review of the Literature. *Aesthetic Surgery Journal* 2015;35(5), 533–544. <http://doi.org/10.1093/asj/sjv016>
4. Clemens MW and Miranda RN. Commentary on: Lymphomas Associated With Breast Implants: A Review of the Literature. *Aesthetic Surgery Journal* 2015;35(5), 545–547. <http://doi.org/10.1093/asj/sjv056>
5. Gidengil CA et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma: a systematic review. *Plast Reconstr Surg* 2015;135(3), 713–720. <http://doi.org/10.1097/PRS.0000000000001037>
6. Brody GS et al. Anaplastic large cell lymphoma occurring in women with breast implants: analysis of 173 cases. *Plast Reconstr Surg* 2015; 135(3), 695–705. <http://doi.org/10.1097/PRS.0000000000001033>
7. Miranda RN et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large-cell lymphoma: long-term follow-up of 60 patients. *Journal of Clinical Oncology* 2014;32(2), 114–120. <http://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.2013.52.7911>


8. Blohmer JU, Sinn HP. Zum möglichen Zusammenhang von Brustsilikonimplantaten und dem Auftreten von Lymphomen. 243<sup>rd</sup> Statement by the German Society of Gynecology and Obstetrics (DGGG) in Response to the call for Data on the Safety of PIP Silicone Breast Implants and the Possible Association between Breast Implants and ALCL by the Scientific Committee on Health, Environmental and Emerging Risks (SCHEER) of the European Commission. Geburtshilfe Frauenheilkd 2017; 77(06):617, doi:10.1055/s-0043-106280.
9. Leberfinger AN et al. JAMA Surg. Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma: A Systematic Review 2017;152(12):1161-1168. doi: 10.1001/jamasurg.2017.4026.
10. Kricheldorf J, Fallenberg EM, Solbach C et al. Breast Implant-Associated Lymphoma. Dtsch Arztebl Int. 2018;115(38):628-635. doi: 10.3238/arztebl.2018.0628.
11. Quesada AE, Medeiros LJ, Clemens MW, et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma: a review. Mod Pathol. 2019 Feb;32(2):166-188. doi: 10.1038/s41379-018-0134-3. Epub 2018 Sep 11. PMID: 30206414
12. Cordeiro PG, Ghione P, Ni A, et al. Risk of breast implant associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) in a cohort of 3546 women prospectively followed long term after reconstruction with textured breast implants. J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg. 2020 May;73(5):841-846. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.11.064. Epub 2020 Jan 20. PMID: 32008941
13. Clemens MW, Jacobsen ED, Horwitz SM. 2019 NCCN Consensus Guidelines on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL). Aesthet Surg J. 2019 Jan 31;39(Suppl\_1):S3-S13. doi: 10.1093/asj/sjy331. PMID: 30715173
14. BfArm recommendations  
[https://www.bfarm.de/SharedDocs/Risikoinformationen/Medizinprodukte/DE/Brustimplantate\\_ALCL\\_FDA.html](https://www.bfarm.de/SharedDocs/Risikoinformationen/Medizinprodukte/DE/Brustimplantate_ALCL_FDA.html)  
(access 30.01.2021)



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGB e. V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e. V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de  
FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## BIA-ALCL - Surfaces of Breast Implants

- The cause of BIA-ALCL is not established; however, it has been proposed that lymphomagenesis may be driven by a chronic inflammatory reaction induced by capsule contents or surface. **The risk for BIA-ALCL has been shown to be significantly higher for implants with grade 3 and 4 surfaces.**

Process	Polyurethane foam	Salt Loss (Biocell/Eurosilicone)	Gas Diffusion	Salt Loss (Nagotex)	Imprinting	Smooth/Nano
Surface Area	high	intermediate	intermediate	low	low	minimal
Roughness	high	intermediate	low	low	low	minimal
SURFACE TYPE	4	3	3	2	2	1

1. Jones P, Mempin M, Hu H et al. The functional influence of breast implant outer shell morphology on bacterial attachment and growth. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2018;142:837–849
2. Collett DJ, Rakhorst H, Lennox P et al.: Current Risk Estimate of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma in Textured Breast Implants. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2019 Mar;143(3S A Review of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma):30S-40S. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000005567.
3. Wiley J. *Histopathology* 2019: 75, 787–796.
4. Loch-Wilkinson A et al. Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma in Australia: A Longitudinal Study of Implant and Other Related Risk Factors. *Aesthet Surg J.* 2020 Jul 13;40(8):838-846. doi: 10.1093/asj/sjz333.PMID: 31738381© 2019 The American Society for Aesthetic Plastic Surgery, Inc. Reprints and permission: journals.permissions@oup.com

Arbeitsgemeinschaft  
GYNÄKOLOGISCHE  
ONKOLOGIE E.V.

MAMMA

Logo of the Arbeitsgemeinschaft Gynäkologische Onkologie (AGO) and the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Gynäkologie und Geburtshilfe (DGGG)

# BIA-ALCL– Diagnosis

© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:

www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
▪ Breast US (assessment of new seromas > 1 year after implant insert, solid lesion (sensitivity: 84%, specificity: 75%))	3a	D	++
▪ Mamma-MRT in confirmed cases	3a	D	++
▪ Staging (Imaging, e.g. CT, PET-CT)	3a	D	++
▪ Cytology of late seromas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ &gt; 50 ml</li> <li>▪ Complete assessment</li> <li>▪ flow-cytology (T-cell clone)</li> <li>▪ BIA-ALCL specific cytologic diagnostic (CD 30+)</li> </ul>	3a	D	++
▪ Core needle biopsy in solid lesions	3a	D	++
▪ Lymphoma assessment of resected tissue and histologic staging			
▪ Documentation of the implant (manufacturer, size, volume, surface, Batch-number) and enter in registry	5	D	++

1. Clemens MW et al. Complete Surgical Excision Is Essential for the Management of Patients With Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large-Cell Lymphoma. *Journal of Clinical Oncology* 2016;34(2), 160–168. <http://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.2015.63.3412>
2. Laurent C et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma: two distinct clinicopathological variants with different outcomes. *Annals of Oncology* 2016;27(2), 306–314. <http://doi.org/10.1093/annonc/mdv575>
3. Hoda S et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma. *International Journal of Surgical Pathology*, 23(3), 209–210. <http://doi.org/10.1177/1066896915576406>
4. Weathers WM et al. Implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma of the breast: Insight into a poorly understood disease. *The Canadian Journal of Plastic Surgery* 2013;21(2), 95–98.
5. Granados R et al. Cytological Diagnosis of Bilateral Breast Implant-Associated Lymphoma of the ALK-Negative Anaplastic Large-Cell Type. *Clinical Implications of Peri-Implant Breast Seroma Cytological Reporting. Diagnostic Cytopathology* 2016;44(7), 623–627. <http://doi.org/10.1002/dc.23485>
6. Talagas M et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large-cell lymphoma can be a diagnostic challenge for pathologists. *Acta Cytol* 2014;58(1), 103–107. <http://doi.org/10.1159/000355861>
7. Clemens MW, Jacobsen ED, Horwitz SM. 2019 NCCN Consensus Guidelines on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL). *Aesthet Surg J.* 2019 Jan 31;39(Supplement\_1):S3-

S13.

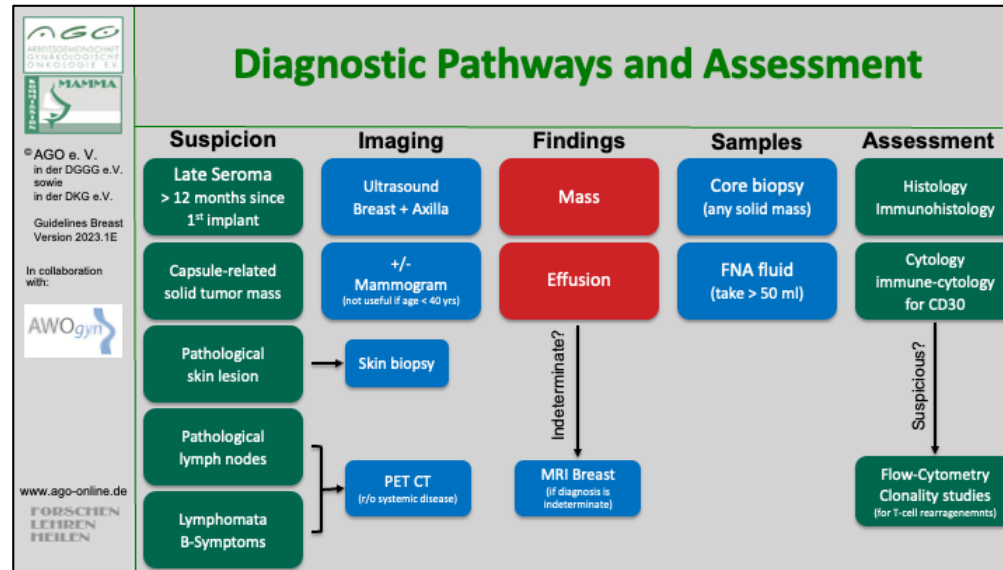
8. Cardoso MJ, Wyld L, Rubio IT, et al EUSOMA position regarding breast implant associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) and the use of textured implants. *Breast*. 2019 Apr;44:90-93. doi: 10.1016/j.breast.2019.01.011.
9. NCCN Consensus Guidelines 1.2021, Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma.
10. Cordeiro PG et al. Risk of breast implant associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) in a cohort of 3546 women prospectively followed long term after reconstruction with textured breast implants. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg*. 2020 May;73(5):841-846. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.11.064. PMID: 32008941

BIA-ALCL – Therapy			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
■ Implant resection and complete capsulectomy including tumorectomy	3a	C	++
■ Resection of suspicious lymph nodes, no routine use of sentinel-node-biopsy, no axillary dissection	4	D	++
■ Polychemotherapy (e.g. CHOP) in cases of extra capsular extension	4	D	+
■ Radiotherapy in unresectable tumors	5	D	+/-
■ Case discussion in an interdisciplinary tumor board in the presence of a specialist for lymphomas	5	D	++

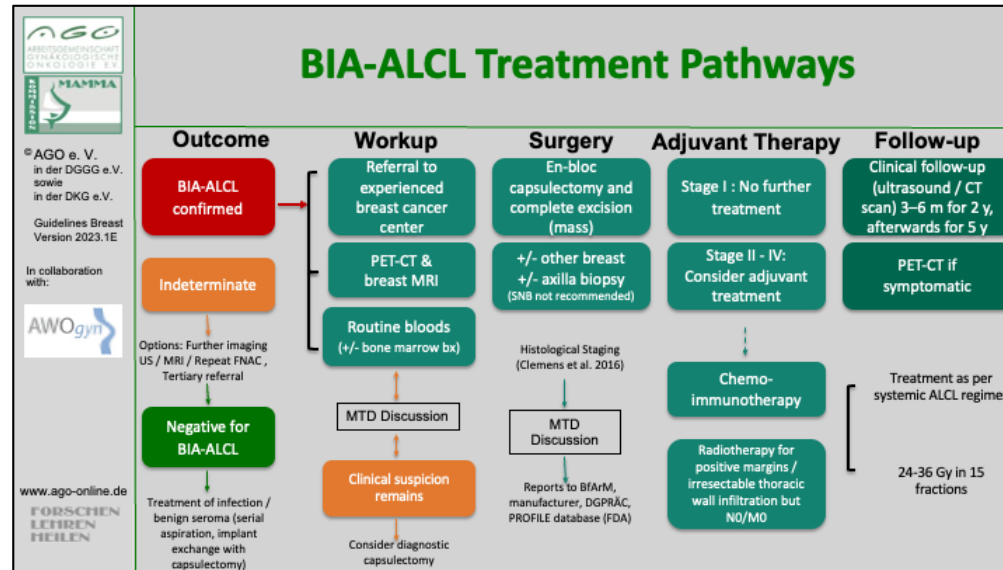
1. Kavita Sharma , Adam Gilmour, Georgina Jones , et al: Systematic Review of Outcomes Following Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) JPRAS Open 2022 Sep 23;34:178-188. doi: 10.1016/j.jpra.2022.08.008. eCollection 2022 Dec.
2. Clemens MW et al. Complete Surgical Excision Is Essential for the Management of Patients With Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large-Cell Lymphoma. Journal of Clinical Oncology 2016;34(2), 160–168. <http://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.2015.63.3412>
3. Gidengil CA et al. Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma: a systematic review. Plast Reconstr Surg 2015;135(3), 713–720. <http://doi.org/10.1097/PRS.0000000000001037>
4. Kim B et al. Breast Implant-associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma: Updated Results from a Structured Expert Consultation Process. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery Global Open 2015;3(1), e296. <http://doi.org/10.1097/GOX.0000000000000268>.
5. Johnson L et al. Breast implant associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma: The UK experience. Recommendations on its management and implications for informed consent. Eu J Surg Oncol. 2017;43:1393-1401. doi: 10.1016/j.ejso.2017.05.004. Epub 2017 May 18.
6. Mehta-Shah N et al. How I treat breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma. Blood, 2018;132(18):1889-1898. doi: 10.1182/blood-2018-03-785972.



7. Horwitz SM et al. NCCN guidelines insights: non-Hodgkin's lymphomas, version 2.2018. J Natl Compr Canc Netw. 2018;16(2):123-135. doi: 10.6004/jnccn.2018.0007.
8. NCCN Consensus Guidelines 1.2021, Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma.
9. Clemens MW et al. 2019 NCCN Consensus Guidelines on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL). Aesthet Surg J. 2019 Jan 31;39(Suppl\_1):S3-S13. doi: 10.1093/asj/sjy331.PMID: 30715173
10. DeCoster RC, Lynch EB, Bonaroti AR, et al. Breast Implant-associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma: An Evidence-based Systematic Review. Ann Surg. 2021 Mar 1;273(3):449-458.




1. Turton P, El-Sharkawi D, Lyburn I, et al. UK Guidelines on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) on behalf of the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery Expert Advisory Group (PRASEAG). *Eur J Surg Oncol*. December 2020. doi:10.1016/j.ejso.2020.07.043.
2. Kricheldorf J, Fallenberg EM, Solbach C, Gerber-Schäfer C, Rancsó C, Fritschen UV. Brustimplantat-assoziiertes Lymphom. *Deutsches Ärzteblatt international*. 2018;115(38):628-635. doi:10.3238/arztebl.2018.0628.
3. NCCN Guidelines Version 1.2020 Breast implant-associated ALCL, <https://biaalcl.com/wp-content/uploads/NCCN-Guidelines-January-2020.pdf>




1. Turton P, El-Sharkawi D, Lyburn I, et al. UK Guidelines on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) on behalf of the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery Expert Advisory Group (PRASEAG). *Eur J Surg Oncol*. December 2020. doi:10.1016/j.ejso.2020.07.043.
2. Kricheldorf J, Fallenberg EM, Solbach C, Gerber-Schäfer C, Rancsó C, Fritschen UV. Brustimplantat-assoziiertes Lymphom. *Deutsches Ärzteblatt international*. 2018;115(38):628-635. doi:10.3238/arztebl.2018.0628.
3. NCCN Guidelines Version 1.2020 Breast implant-associated ALCL, <https://biaalcl.com/wp-content/uploads/NCCN-Guidelines-January-2020.pdf>

TNM Staging of BIA-ALCL				
<p>© AGO e. V. in der DGGG e.V. sowie in der DKG e.V.</p> <p>Guidelines Breast Version 2023.1E</p> <p>In collaboration with:</p> <p>www.ago-online.de FORSCHEN LEBEN HEILEN</p>	Tumor extent (cT/pT)	TNM- Kategorie	Definition	Stage
		T1	Confined to seroma or a layer on luminal side of capsule	IA
		T2	Early capsule infiltration	TB
		T3	Cell aggregates or sheets infiltrating the capsule	TC
		T4	Lymphoma infiltrates beyond the capsule	IIA
				IIB
	Regional lymph nodes (cN/pN)	N0	No lymph node involvement	III
		N1	One regional lymph node positive	IV
		N2	Multiple regional lymph nodes positive	
	Metastasis (cM/pM)	M0	No distant spread	
		M1	Spread to other organs or distant sites	
				Definition
				T1 N0 M0
				T2 N0 M0
				T3 N0 M0
				T4 N0 M0
				T1-3 N1 M0
				T4 N1-2 M0
				T any N any M1

1. Clemens MW, Medeiros LJ, Butler CE, et al. Complete Surgical Excision Is Essential for the Management of Patients With Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large-Cell Lymphoma. *J Clin Oncol*. 2016;34(2):160-168. doi:10.1200/JCO.2015.63.3412.
2. Kricheldorf J, Fallenberg EM, Solbach C, Gerber-Schäfer C, Rancsó C, Fritschen UV. Brustimplantat-assoziiertes Lymphom. *Deutsches Ärzteblatt international*. 2018;115(38):628-635. doi:10.3238/arztebl.2018.0628.
3. NCCN Consensus Guidelines 1.2021, Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma.



AGG  
ARBEITSGEMEINSCHAFT  
GYNAKOLOGISCHE  
ONKOLOGIE E.V.




MAMMA

© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



AWOgyn

www.ago-online.de


FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## BIA-ALCL – EUSOMA-Recommendation

- **Despite an increase of BIA-ALCL in association with texture implants the use of textured implants is still permitted!**

„For the moment, textured implants can safely continue to be used with patient's fully informed consent, and that women that have these type of implants already in place don't need to remove or substitute them, which would undoubtedly cause harm to many tens of thousands of women, to prevent an exceptionally rare, largely curable and currently poorly understood disease.“


1. Cardoso MJ et al EUSOMA position regarding breast implant associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) and the use of textured implants. Breast. 2019 Apr;44:90-93. doi: 10.1016/j.breast.2019.01.011.



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In Zusammen-  
arbeit mit:



www.ago-online.de  
FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Breast Implant Capsule-Associated Squamous Cell Carcinoma

- Squamous cell carcinomas associated with breast implant augmentation are exceedingly rare (11 cases reported).
- Breast implant capsule-associated squamous cell carcinoma occurs in patients with long standing breast implant augmentations (>11 years).
- Presentation with breast enlargement/swelling and pain, skin changes
- 3/11 pts. developed metastatic disease within 1 year.  
The reported metastatic sites include axilla, soft tissue (arm and leg), liver, lung, mediastinum, retroperitoneum, and leptomeninges.
- 4/5 patients with follow-up data showed a correlation between extracapsular extension and development of metastases (1-8 months; mean 4.25 months).
- In this limited cohort it is difficult to ascribe prognostic factors, but extracapsular extension does appear to be a concerning finding.

1. Rumeal D. Whaley, Rana Aldrees, Rae E. Dougherty, et al: Breast Implant Capsule-Associated Squamous Cell Carcinoma: Report of 2 Patients. International Journal of Surgical Pathology 2022, Vol. 30(8) 900–907
2. Ryosuke Toyonaka , Jun Ozeki, Yumi Koyama, et al: A case of breast squamous cell carcinoma following breast augmentation with liquid silicone injection after 16 year. Surgical Case Reports (2022) 8:22  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s40792-022-01378-w>
3. Buchanan, P. J., Chopra, V. K., Walker, K. L., Rudolph, R. & Greco, R. J. Primary Squamous Cell Carcinoma Arising From a Breast Implant Capsule: A Case Report and Review of the Literature. Aesthet Surg J 38, NP 97-NP 102 (2018).
4. Alikhan, M. B., Nassar, A. & Mansoor, I. Squamous Metaplasia on the Breast Implant Capsule. Int J Surg Pathol 18, 570–574 (2010).
5. Talmor, M., Rothaus, K. O., Shannahan, E., Cortese, A. F. & Hoffman, L. A. Squamous Cell Carcinoma of the Breast After Augmentation with Liquid Silicone Injection. Ann Plas Surg 34, 619–623 (1995).
6. Paletta, C., Paletta, F. X. & Paletta, F. X. Squamous Cell Carcinoma Following Breast Augmentation. Ann Plas Surg 29, 425–432 (1992).


	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<div> <p>© AGO e. V. in der DGGG e. V. sowie in der DKG e. V.</p> <p>Guidelines Breast Version 2023.1E</p> <p>In collaboration with:</p> <p>www.ago-online.de</p> <p>FORSCHEN LEBEN HEILEN</p> </div>	<h2>Implant Lodge, Tissue Replacement Techniques and Meshes (Details of Implant Reconstruction)</h2>		
▪ The prepectoral lodge is superior to the subpectoral lodge	3a	C	+/-
▪ Acellular dermal matrix (ADM)			
▪ subpectoral	1b	A	+/-
▪ prepectoral	2b	B	+/-
▪ Synthetic meshes			
▪ subpectoral	2b	B	+/-
▪ prepectoral	2b	B	+/-

1. Edwin Ostapenko , Larissa Nixdorf, Yelena Devyatko, et al... Florian Fitzal: Prepectoral Versus Subpectoral Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: A Systemic Review and Meta-analysis. Review Ann Surg Oncol. 2023 Jan;30(1):126-136. doi: 10.1245/s10434-022-12567-0. Epub 2022 Oct 16.
2. Beier L, Faridi A, Neumann C,... Blohmer JU. Human acellular dermal matrix (Epiflex®) in immediate implant-based breast reconstruction afterskin- and nipple-sparing mastectomy and treatment of capsular fibrosis: results of a multicenter, prospective, observational NOGGO-AWO-Gyn study. Breast Care (Basel). 2021 Oct;16(5): 461–467
3. Elliott LF, et al. The scarless latissimus dorsi flap for full muscle coverage in device-based immediate breast reconstruction: an autologous alternative to acellular dermal matrix. Plast Reconstr Surg 2011; 128(1):71-9
4. Seth AK, et al. Long-term outcomes following fat grafting in prosthetic breast reconstruction: a comparative analysis. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2012; 130(5):984-9.
5. Salzberg CA. Focus on technique: one-stage implant-based breast reconstruction. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2012; 130(5 Suppl 2):95S-103S.
6. Gschwantler-Kaulich D, et al. Mesh versus acellular dermal matrix in immediate implant-based breast reconstruction - A prospective randomized trial. Eur J Surg Oncol. 2016; 42(5):665-71.
7. Dikmans RE, et al. breast reconstruction using Strattice™: A retrospective study. J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg. 2016; 69(2):227-33.

8. Salibian AA, et al. Subcutaneous Implant-based Breast Reconstruction with Acellular Dermal Matrix/Mesh: A Systematic Review. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2016; 4(11):e1139.
9. Headon H, et al. outcome and patient satisfaction with the use of bovine-derived acellular dermal matrix (SurgiMend™) in implant based immediate reconstruction following skin sparing mastectomy: A prospective observational study in a single centre. *Surg Oncol*. 2016; 25(2):104-10.
10. Logan Ellis H, et al. Biological and synthetic mesh use in breast reconstructive surgery: a literature review. *World J Surg Oncol*. 2016; 14:121.
11. Casella D, et al. Subcutaneous Tissue Expander Placement with Synthetic Titanium-Coated Mesh in Breast Reconstruction: Long-term Results. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2016; 3(12):e577.
12. Rezai M, et al. , conservative mastectomy-analysis of surgical outcome and quality of life in 272 implant-based reconstructions using TiLoop(®) Bra versus autologous corial flaps. *Gland Surg*. 2016; 5(1):1-8.
13. Sorkin M, et al. Dermal Matrix in Immediate Expander/Implant Breast Reconstruction: A Multicenter Assessment of Risks and Benefits. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2017; 140(6):1091-1100.
14. Lee KT, Mun GH. Meta-analysis of Studies Comparing Outcomes of Diverse Acellular Dermal Matrices for Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction. *Ann Plast Surg*. 2017; 79(1):115-123.
15. Hashem T, Farahat A. artery perforator flap as an autologous alternative to acellular dermal matrix. *World J Surg Oncol*. 2017; 15(1):185.
16. Hillberg NS et al. Single-stage implant-based breast reconstruction (SSBR) with an acellular matrix safe?: Strattice™ or Meso Biomatrix® in SSBR. *Eur J Plast Surg*. 2018;41(4):429-438. doi: 10.1007/s00238-018-1415-2
17. Prepectoral Versus Subpectoral Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: A Meta-analysis. Li Y, Xu G, Yu N, Huang J, Long X. *Ann Plast Surg*. 2020 Jan 6. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000002190. [Epub ahead of print]
18. Banuelos J et al. Should obesity be considered a contraindication for prepectoral breast reconstruction *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2019 Dec 17. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000006540. [Epub ahead of print]
19. Li L et al. Comparison of prepectoral and subpectoral breast reconstruction after mastectomies: A systematic review and meta analysis. *Eur J Surg Oncol*. 2019 Sep;45(9):1542-1550. doi: 10.1016/j.ejso.2019.05.015. Epu
20. Thill M et al. Patient reported outcome and cosmetic evaluation following implant-based breast-reconstruction with a titanized polypropylene mesh (TiLOOP® Bra): A prospective clinical study in 269 patients. *Eur J Surg Oncol*. 2020 Aug;46(8):1484-1490. doi: 10.1016/j.ejso.2020.04.009. Epub 2020 Apr 15.PMID: 32336622




21. Masià J; iBAG Working Group. The largest multicentre data collection on prepectoral breast reconstruction: The iBAG study. *J Surg Oncol*. 2020 Oct;122(5):848-860. doi: 10.1002/jso.26073. Epub 2020 Aug 12. PMID: 32786089
22. Wagner RD et al. A systematic review of complications in prepectoral breast reconstruction. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg*. 2019 Jul;72(7):1051-1059. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.04.005. Epub 2019 Apr 21. PMID: 31076195
23. Lo Torto F et al. Prepectoral breast reconstruction with TiLoop Bra Pocket: a single center prospective study. *Eur Rev Med Pharmacol Sci*. 2020 Feb;24(3):991-999. doi: 10.26355/eurev\_202002\_20149.
24. First-year complications after immediate breast reconstruction with a biological and a synthetic mesh in the same patient: A randomized controlled study.
25. Hansson E, Edvinsson AC, Elander A, et al First-year complications after immediate breast reconstruction with a biological and a synthetic mesh in the same patient: a randomized controlled study. *J Surg Oncol*. 2021 Jan;123(1):80-88. doi: 10.1002/jso.26227. Epub 2020 Oct 13.
26. Fredrik Lohmander, MD; Jakob Lagergren; Hemming Johansson; et al Effect of Immediate Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction After Mastectomy With and Without Acellular Dermal Matrix Among Women With Breast CancerA Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA Netw Open*. 2021;4(10):e2127806. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2021.27806
27. Ian J. Saldanha, M.B.B.S., M.P.H., Ph.D., Wangnan Cao, Ph.D., Justin M. Broyles, M.D. et al.; Breast Reconstruction After Mastectomy: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Rockville (MD): Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (US); 2021 Jul. Report No.: 21-EHC027



AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Lipotransfer

- **Lipotransfer following mastectomy and reconstruction**
- **Lipotransfer after BCS\***
- **Autologous adipose derived stem cells (ASCs)-enriched fat grafting vs. without stem cells**

Oxford		
LoE	GR	AGO
2a	B	+
2a	B	+
2a	B	+/-

\* BCS: Breast Conserving Surgery

1. Daixiong Tian, Ying Chu, Ge Zhang , et al: The prognosis outcomes of autologous fat transfer for breast reconstruction after breast cancer surgery: a systematic review and meta-analysis of cohort studies. Gland Surg. 2022 Jul;11(7):1180-1191. doi: 10.21037/gs-22-297
2. Skillman et al., UK Guidelines for lipomodelling of the breast on behalf of plastic, reconstructive and aesthetic surgery and association of breast surgery expert advisory group; J. of plastic, reconstructive and aesthetic surgery 75: 511-518 (2022)
3. AWMF-Leitlinie „Autologe Fetttransplantation“, Klasse: S2k Registernummer: 009/017, 11/2015
4. Simonacci F et al. Autologous fat transplantation for breast reconstruction: A literature review. Ann Med Surg (Lond). 2016; 12:94-100.
5. Waked K, et al. Systematic review: The oncological safety of adipose fat transfer after breast cancer surgery. Breast. 2016; 31:128-136.
6. De Decker M, et al. Breast cancer and fat grafting: efficacy, safety and complications-a systematic review. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. 2016; 207:100-108.
7. Petit JY, Maisonneuve P. Lipofilling of the Breast Does Not Increase the Risk of Recurrence of Breast Cancer: A Matched Controlled Study. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2016; 138(5):937e-938e.
8. Wazir U, et al. Oncological Safety of Lipofilling in Patients with Breast Cancer: A Meta-analysis and Update on Clinical

Practice. *Anticancer Res.* 2016; 36(9):4521-8.

9. Batista BN, et al. Lipofilling of the Breast Does Not Increase the Risk of Recurrence of Breast Cancer: A Matched Controlled Study. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 138(6):1068e-1069e.
10. Silva-Vergara C, et al. Oncological outcomes of lipofilling breast reconstruction: 195 consecutive cases and literature review. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2016; 69(4):475-81.
11. Kronowitz SJ, et al. of the Breast Does Not Increase the Risk of Recurrence of Breast Cancer: A Matched Controlled Study. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 137(2):385-93.
12. Zhou Y, et al. and Safety of Cell-Assisted Lipotransfer: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2016; 137(1):44e-57e.
13. Spear SL, et al. The Safety, Effectiveness, and Efficiency of Autologous Fat Grafting in Breast Surgery. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open.* 2016; 4(8):e827.
14. Groen JW, et al. Autologous fat grafting in onco-plastic breast reconstruction: A systematic review on oncological and radiological safety, complications, volume retention and patient/surgeon satisfaction. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2016; 69(6):742-64.
15. Delay E et al. Indications and Controversies in Lipofilling for Partial Breast Reconstruction. *Clin Plast Surg.* 2018 Jan;45(1):101-110. doi: 10.1016/j.cps.2017.08.008. Epub 2017 Sep 18.
16. O'Halloran N, et al. Adipose-Derived Stem Cells in Novel Approaches to Breast Reconstruction: Their Suitability for Tissue Engineering and Oncological Safety. *Breast Cancer (Auckl).* 2017; 11:1178223417726777.
17. Debald M, et al. Lipofilling effects after breast cancer surgery in post-radiation patients: an analysis of results and algorithm proposal. *Eur J Plast Surg.* 2017; 40(5):447-454.
18. Cohen O, et al. Determining the Oncologic Safety of Autologous Fat Grafting as a Reconstructive Modality: An Institutional Review of Breast Cancer Recurrence Rates and Surgical Outcomes. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2017; 140(3):382e-392e.
19. Preisner F et al. Impact of Human Adipose Tissue-Derived Stem Cells on Malignant Melanoma Cells in An In Vitro Co-culture Model. *Stem Cell Rev.* 2017; doi: 10.1007/s12015-017-9772-y.
20. Lindegren A et al. Improved patient-reported outcomes after autologous fat transplantation and corrective surgery after breast surgery. *J Plast Surg Hand Surg.* 2019 Jan 17:1-8.
21. Krastev TK et al. Efficacy of autologous fat transfer for the correction of contour deformities in the breast: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2018 Oct;71(10):1392-1409. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2018.05.021.

22. Biazus JV et al. Surgery with Immediate Autologous Fat Grafting Reconstruction: Oncologic Outcomes. *Aesthetic Plast Surg.* 2018 Oct;42(5):1195-1201. doi: 10.1007/s00266-018-1155-5
23. Johns N, Fairbairn N, Trail M. et al.: breast reconstruction using the immediately lipofilled extended latissimus dorsi flap. *Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2018 Feb;71(2):201-208. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2017.10.015.
24. Turner A et al. Fat Grafting in Breast Reconstruction. *Semin Plast Surg.* 2020 Feb;34(1):17-23. doi: 10.1055/s-0039-1700959. Epub 2020 Feb 15. PMID: 32071575
25. Nava M et al. International Expert Panel Consensus on Fat Grafting of the Breast *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open.* 2019 Oct; 7(10): e2426. Published online 2019 Oct 28. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000002426 PMCID: PMC6846285
26. Stumpf CC et al. Oncologic safety of immediate autologous fat grafting for reconstruction in breast-conserving surgery. *Breast Cancer Res Treat.* 2020 Apr;180(2):301-309. doi: 10.1007/s10549-020-05554-0. Epub 2020 Feb 6. PMID: 32026213
27. Lutfi D, Turkof E. Adipose-derived stem cell enrichment is counter-productive for the majority of women seeking primary aesthetic breast augmentation by autologous fat transfer: A systematic review. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2020 Nov;73(11):2025-2032. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2020.08.057. Epub 2020 Aug PMID: 32919950

Postmastectomy Pedicled Reconstruction			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<b>Breast reconstruction (BR) with autologous tissue</b>			
▪ TRAM, latissimus-dorsi-flap (both can be performed as a muscle-sparing technique)	2a	C	+
▪ Delayed TRAM in patients at high-risk	3a	B	+
▪ Ipsilateral pedicled TRAM	2a	B	+
▪ Omentum Flap	4	C	+/-
▪ Radiotherapy:			
▪ BR following radiotherapy	2a	B	+
▪ BR prior to radiotherapy	2a	B	+/-
▪ (higher rates of fibrosis, wound healing problems, liponecrosis and reduced aesthetic outcome)			

1. Shash H, Al-Halabi B, Aldekhayel S, Dionisopoulos T. Laparoscopic Harvesting of Omental Flaps for Breast Reconstruction-A Review of the Literature and Outcome Analysis.
2. Plast Surg (Oakv). 2018 May;26(2):126-133
3. Knox AD, et al. Comparison of Outcomes following Autologous Breast Reconstruction Using the DIEP and Pedicled TRAM Flaps: A 12-Year Clinical Retrospective Study and Literature Review. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2016; 138(1):16-28.
4. Golpanian S, et al. Versus Pedicled TRAM Flaps: Cost Utilization and Complications. Aesthetic Plast Surg. 2016; 40(6):869-876.
5. Macadam SA, et al. of Life and Patient-Reported Outcomes in Breast Cancer Survivors: A Multicenter Comparison of Four Abdominally Based Autologous Reconstruction Methods. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2016; 137(3):758-71.
6. Landis LV, et al. Effect of Progressive-Tension Closure on Donor Site Seroma Formation in Delayed Latissimus Dorsi Flaps for Breast Reconstruction. Ann Plast Surg. 2016; 76(2):170-3.
7. Teisch LF, et al. dorsi flap versus pedicled transverse rectus abdominis myocutaneous breast reconstruction: outcomes. J Surg Res. 2015; 199(1):274-9.
8. Mennie JC, et al. Donor-Site Hernia Repair in Abdominal Flap Breast Reconstruction: A Population-Based Cohort Study of 7929 Patients. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2015; 136(1):1-9.
9. Latissimus Dorsi Flap for Total Autologous Immediate Breast Reconstruction without Implants. Jia Y, et al. Plast

Reconstr Surg. 2015; 136(2):267e-268e.

10. Christensen BO, et al. evaluation of postmastectomy breast reconstruction with the pedicled transverse rectus abdominis musculocutaneous flap. J Plast Surg Hand Surg. 2013; 47(5):374-8.
11. Aboutanos SZ, et al. Angiographic delay: a viable alternative to surgical delay. Ann Plast Surg. 2012; 68(6):562-7.
12. Sajid MS, et al. Prevention of postoperative seroma-related morbidity by quilting of latissimus dorsi flap donor site: a systematic review. Clin Breast Cancer. 2011; 11(6):357-63.
13. Ribuffo D, et al. Angio-CT Preliminary study of the TRAM flap after selective vascular delay. Ann Plast Surg 2007; 59(6):611-616.
14. Jones G. The pedicled TRAM flap in breast reconstruction. Clin Plast Surg. 2007; 34(1):83-104.
15. Gradishar WJ, et al. Cancer Version 2.2015. J Natl Compr Canc Netw. 2015
16. Bennett KG, Qi J, Kim HM, et al.: Comparison of 2-Year Complication Rates Among Common Techniques for Postmastectomy Breast Reconstruction. JAMA Surg. 2018 Oct 1;153(10):901-908. doi: 10.1001/jamasurg.2018.1687.
17. He WY et al. Complications and Patient-reported Outcomes after TRAM and DIEP Flaps: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open. 2020 Oct 29;8(10):e3120. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000003120. eCollection 2020 Oct. PMID: 33173667


Free Flaps for Reconstruction			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<b>Type of free flap</b>			
▪ DIEP	2a	B	+
▪ Free TRAM	2a	B	+
▪ SIEA	3a	C	+/-
▪ Glutealis flaps (SGAP- / IGAP, FCI)	4	C	+/-
▪ Free gracilis flap (TMG)	4	C	+/-
▪ Omentum Flap	4	C	+/-
▪ Use of ICG* to assess flap perfusion	2a	B	+
<b>Advantages</b>			
▪ DIEP and free TRAM are potentially muscle-sparing procedures. DIEP has a lower rate of abdominal hernias, especially in obesity			
<b>Disadvantages</b>			
▪ Time- and personnel consuming microsurgical procedures			
▪ Intensified postoperative monitoring			
* ICG: indocyanin green			

1. Adee J Heiman, Sairisheel R Gabbireddy, Vasanth S Kotamarti ,et al: A Meta-Analysis of Autologous Microsurgical Breast Reconstruction and Timing of Adjuvant Radiation Therapy Meta-Analysis J Reconstr Microsurg. 2021 May;37(4):336-345. doi: 10.1055/s-0040-1716846. Epub 2020 Sep 21.
2. Belle Liew, Clea Southall , Muholan Kanapathy3, Dariush Nikkhah: Does post-mastectomy radiation therapy worsen outcomes in immediate autologous breast flap reconstruction? A systematic review and meta-analysis. Meta-Analysis J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg. 2021 Dec;74(12):3260-3280. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2021.08.005. Epub 2021 Aug 28.
3. Shash H, Al-Halabi B, Aldekhayel S, Dionisopoulos T. Laparoscopic Harvesting of Omental Flaps for Breast Reconstruction-A Review of the Literature and Outcome Analysis.Plast Surg (Oakv). 2018 May;26(2):126-133
4. A Novel Fat-Augmented Omentum-Based Construct for Unilateral and Bilateral Free-Flap Breast Reconstruction in Underweight and Normal Weight Women Receiving Nipple or Skin-Sparing Mastectomies.
5. Nguyen DH, Rochlin DH, Deptula PL, Zak Y, Dua M, Wapnir IL. Ann Surg Oncol. 2022 Dec 25. doi: 10.1245/s10434-022-12975-2
6. Creating a Biological Breast Implant with an Omental Fat-Augmented Free Flap.Nguyen DH, Ma IT, Choi YK, Zak Y, Dua MM, Wapnir IL.Plast Reconstr Surg. 2022 Apr 1;149(4):832-835
7. Chao Ni, Ziguan Zhu, Yin Xin:Oncoplastic breast reconstruction with omental flap: A retrospective study and systematic review. J Cancer. 2018 Apr 19;9(10):1782-1790. doi: 10.7150/jca.25556. eCollection 2018.


8. Lee KT, Mun GH. Effects of Obesity on Postoperative Complications After Breast Reconstruction Using Free Muscle-Sparing Transverse Rectus Abdominis Myocutaneous, Deep Inferior Epigastric Perforator, and Superficial Inferior Epigastric Artery Flap: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. *Ann Plast Surg.* 2016; 76(5):576-84.
9. Sanati-Mehrziy P, et al. Factors Leading to Free Flap Failure: Analysis From the National Surgical Quality Improvement Program Database. *J Craniofac Surg.* 2016; 27(8):1956-1964.
10. Lin IC, et al. Assessing Surgical and Medical Complications in Bilateral Abdomen-Based Free Flap Breast Reconstructions Compared With Unilateral Free Flap Breast Reconstructions. *Ann Plast Surg.* 2016; 77(1):61-6.
11. Struckmann V, et al. free fasciocutaneous infragluteal (FCI) flap: Outcome and patient satisfaction after 142 breast reconstructions. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2016; 69(4):461-9.
12. Mull AB, et al. Impact of Time Interval between Radiation and Free Autologous Breast Reconstruction. *J Reconstr Microsurg.* 2016; [Epub ahead of print]
13. Kelley BP, et al. Tamoxifen may increase the risk of microvascular flap complications. Surgeons should consider temporarily stopping the drug 28 days before microsurgical breast reconstruction. *J Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2012; 129(2):305-14.
14. Garvey PB, et al. Perfusion-related complications are similar for DIEP and muscle-sparing free TRAM flaps harvested on medial or lateral deep inferior epigastric Artery branch perforators for breast reconstruction. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2011; 128(6):581e-9e.
15. Momoh AO, et al. Analysis of Complications and Patient Satisfaction in Pedicled Transverse Rectus Abdominis Myocutaneous and Deep Inferior Epigastric Perforator Flap Breast Reconstruction. *Ann Plast Surg.* 2012 Jul;69(1):19-23. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0b013e318221b578.PMID: 21659842
16. Semple JL, et al. Survival Differences in Women with and without Autologous Breast Reconstruction after Mastectomy for Breast Cancer. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open.* 2017; 5(4):e1281.
17. Shay P, Jacobs J. Autologous reconstruction following nipple sparing mastectomy: a comprehensive review of the current literature. *Gland Surg.* 2018 Jun;7(3):316-324. doi: 10.21037/gs.2018.05.03.
18. Liu T et al. Patients with abdominal-based free flap breast reconstruction a decade after surgery: A comprehensive long-term follow-up study. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2018 Sep;71(9):1301-1309. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2018.06.009.
19. Sbitany H. Breast Reconstruction. *Surg Clin North Am.* 2018 Aug;98(4):845-857. doi: 10.1016/j.suc.2018.03.011.
20. Xu F et al. of surgical complication between immediate implant and autologous breast reconstruction after mastectomy: A multicenter study of 426 cases. *J Surg Oncol.* 2018 Nov;118(6):953-958. doi: 10.1002/jso.25238.



21. Hauck T et al. Secondary breast reconstruction after mastectomy using the DIEP flap. *A. Surg Oncol.* 2018 Sep;27(3):513. doi: 10.1016/j.suronc.2018.06.006.
22. Tan MG et al. A cost-effectiveness analysis of DIEP vs free MS-TRAM flap for microsurgical breast reconstruction. *J Surg Oncol.* 2018 Dec 18. doi: 10.1002/jso.25325.
23. Torabi R et al. Assessing Age as a Risk Factor for Complications in Autologous Breast Reconstruction. *Plast Reconstr Surg.* 2018 Dec;142(6):840e-846e. doi: 10.1097/S.00000000000004990.
24. Zhao R et al. A Multicenter Analysis Examining Patients Undergoing Conversion of Implant-based Breast Reconstruction to Abdominally based Free Tissue Transfer. *Reconstr Microsurg.* 2018 Nov;34(9):685-691. doi: 10.1055/s-0038-1641680.
25. Lindenblatt N et al. A systematic review of donor site aesthetic and complications after deep inferior epigastric perforator flap breast reconstruction. *Gland Surg* 2019;8(4):389-398
26. He WY et al. Complications and Patient-reported Outcomes after TRAM and DIEP Flaps: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open.* 2020 Oct 29;8(10):e3120. doi: 10.1097/GOX.00000000000003120. eCollection 2020 Oct.PMID: 33173667
27. Heiman AJ et al. A Meta-Analysis of Autologous Microsurgical Breast Reconstruction and Timing of Adjuvant Radiation Therapy. *J Reconstr Microsurg.* 2020 Sep 21. doi: 10.1055/s-0040-1716846. Online ahead of print.PMID: 32957153
28. Parmeshwar N et al. A Systematic Review of the Utility of Indocyanine Angiography in Autologous Breast Reconstruction. *Ann Plast Surg.* 2020 Dec 15;Publish Ahead of Print. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000002576. Online ahead of print.PMID: 33346549
29. Ian J. Saldanha, M.B.B.S., M.P.H., Ph.D., Wangnan Cao, Ph.D., Justin M. Broyles, M.D. et al.; Breast Reconstruction After Mastectomy: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Rockville (MD): Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (US); 2021 Jul.Report No.: 21-EHC027




AGOGESAMTSCHAFT  
GYNAKOLOGISCHE  
ONKOLOGIE E.V.



© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:



www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

## Pedicled versus Free Tissue Transfer

Oxford
LoE   GR   AGO
3a   A   ++

- **Muscle-sparing techniques and accuracy of abdominal wall closure lead to low rates of late donor site complications independent of method used**
- **Autologous abdominal-based reconstructions have highest satisfaction rates (PROM)**
- **Donor site morbidity (e.g. impaired muscle function) has to be taken into consideration with all flap techniques**

1. AWMF Leitlinien: S3-LL. Brustrekonstruktion mit Eigengewebe. Registernummer 015 – 075, Stand: 01.04.2015 , gültig bis 31.03.2020
2. Sabino J, et al. NSQIP Analysis: Increased Immediate Reconstruction in the Treatment of Breast Cancer. Am Surg. 2016; 82(6):540-5.
3. Mennie JC, et al. National trends in immediate and delayed post-mastectomy reconstruction procedures in England: A seven-year population-based cohort study. Eur J Surg Oncol. 2017; 43(1):52-61.
4. Lee HH, et al. Comparison of Long-Term Outcomes of Postmastectomy Radiotherapy between Breast Cancer Patients with and without Immediate Flap Reconstruction. PLoS One. 2016 Feb 10;11(2):e0148318. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0148318. eCollection 2016.PMID: 26863006
5. Knox AD, et al. Comparison of Outcomes following Autologous Breast Reconstruction Using the DIEP and Pedicled TRAM Flaps: A 12-Year Clinical Retrospective Study and Literature Review. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2016; 138(1):16-28.
6. Golpanian S, et al. Free Versus Pedicled TRAM Flaps: Cost Utilization and Complications. Aesthetic Plast Surg. 2016; 40(6):869-876.
7. Gart MS, et al. Autologous options for postmastectomy breast reconstruction: a comparison of outcomes based on the American College of Surgeons National Surgical Quality Improvement Program. J Am Coll Surg. 2013; 216(2):229-38.

8. Lindenblatt N et al. A systematic review of donor site aesthetic and complications after deep inferior epigastric perforator flap breast reconstruction. *Gland Surg* 2019;8(4):389-398
9. Phan R et al. The use of Patient Reported Outcome Measures in assessing patient outcomes when comparing autologous to alloplastic breast reconstruction: a systematic review. *Gland Surg* 2019;8(4):452-460
10. Toyserkani NM et al. Autologous versus implant-based breast reconstruction: A systematic review and meta-analysis of Breast-Q patient-reported outcomes. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg*. 2020 Feb;73(2):278-285. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.09.040. Epub 2019 Oct 2. PMID: 31711862
11. Opsomer D et al. Comparing the Lumbar and SGAP Flaps to the DIEP Flap Using the BREAST-Q. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2020 Sep;146(3):276e-282e. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000007094. PMID: 32842100
12. Weitgasser L et al. Bilateral Simultaneous Breast Reconstruction with DIEP- and TMG Flaps: Head to Head Comparison, Risk and Complication Analysis. *J Clin Med*. 2020 Jun 28;9(7):2031. doi: 10.3390/jcm9072031. PMID: 32605294




Skin-/ Nipple-Sparing Mastectomy (SSM / NSM) and Reconstruction			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<b>■ Skin-/nipple-sparing Mastectomy (SSM / NSM)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Safe (same recurrence rate as simple mastectomy)</li> <li>■ Higher QoL for patients</li> <li>■ NAC can be preserved under special conditions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Feasible after mastopexy / reduction mammoplasty</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Use of ICG* to predict necrosis of the skin</li> </ul>	2b	B	++
	2b	B	++
	2b	B	++
	4	C	++
	1b	B	+
<b>■ Skin incisions - different possibilities:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Periareolar</li> <li>■ Hemi-periareolar with / without medial / lateral extension</li> <li>■ Reduction pattern: „inverted-T“ or vertical</li> <li>■ Inferior lateral approach, inframammary fold</li> <li>■ Lowest incidence of complications</li> </ul>	2b	B	+

\* ICG = Indocyanine Green

1. Orzalesi L, et al. Nipple sparing mastectomy: Surgical and oncological outcomes from a national multicentric registry with 913 patients (1006 cases) over a six year period. *Breast*. 2016; 25:75-81.
2. Headon HL, et al. The Oncological Safety of Nipple-Sparing Mastectomy: A Systematic Review of the Literature with a Pooled Analysis of 12,358 Procedures. *Arch Plast Surg*. 2016; 43(4):328-38.
3. Gieni M, et al. Local breast cancer recurrence after mastectomy and immediate breast reconstruction for invasive cancer: A meta-analysis. *Breast*. 2012; [Epub ahead of print]
4. Prabhu R, et al. Impact of Skin-Sparing Mastectomy with Immediate Reconstruction in Patients with Stage III Breast Cancer Treated with Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy and Postmastectomy Radiation. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2012; 129(1):37e-45e.
5. Benediktsson KP, Perbeck L. Survival in breast cancer after nipple-sparing subcutaneous mastectomy and immediate reconstruction with implants: a prospective trial with 13 years median follow-up in 216 patients. *Eur J Surg Oncol*. 2008; 34(2):143-8.
6. El Hage Chehade H, et al. Nipple-sparing mastectomy using a hemi-periareolar incision with or without minimal medial-lateral extensions; clinical outcome and patient satisfaction: A single centre prospective observational study. *Am J Surg*. 2017; 213(6):1116-1124.
7. Gorai K, et al. Prediction of Skin Necrosis after Mastectomy for Breast Cancer Using Indocyanine Green Angiography

Imaging. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2017; 5(4):e1321.

8. Gschwantler-Kaulich D et al. Direct-to-implant breast reconstruction: Higher complication rate vs cosmetic benefits. *Breast J*. 2018 Nov;24(6):957-964. doi: 10.1111/tbj.13113. Epub 2018 Sep 19.
9. Radu M et al. Assessment of Mastectomy Skin Flaps for Immediate Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction. *J Med Life*. 2018 Apr-Jun;11(2):137-145.
10. Yoon-Flannery K et al. Quality of life and sexual well-being after nipple sparing mastectomy: A matched comparison of patients using the breast Q. *J Surg Oncol*. 2018 Jul;118(1):238-242. doi: 10.1002/jso.25107. Epub 2018 Aug 16
11. Anker AM et al. Assessment of DIEP Flap Perfusion with Intraoperative Indocyanine Green Fluorescence Imaging in Vasopressor-Dominated Hemodynamic Support Versus Liberal Fluid Administration: A Randomized Controlled Trial With Breast Cancer Patients. *Ann Surg Oncol*. 2020 Feb;27(2):399-406. doi: 10.1245/s10434-019-07758-1
12. Pruimboom T et al. Indocyanine green angiography for preventing postoperative mastectomy skin flap necrosis in immediate breast reconstruction. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2020 Apr 22;4(4):CD013280. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD013280.pub2.PMID: 32320056

 	<h2 style="text-align: center;">Mastectomy + Reconstruction</h2> <h3 style="text-align: center;">Risk of complications with the addition of radiotherapy</h3>			
<p>© AGO e. V. in der DGGG e.V. sowie in der DKG e.V.</p> <p>Guidelines Breast Version 2023.1E</p> <p>In Zusammen- arbeit mit:</p> <p> AWO gyn</p> <p>www.ago-online.de</p> <p>FORSCHEN LEBEN HEILEN</p>	<b>Autologous reconstruction</b>			<b>Implant-based reconstruction</b>
	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Risk Ratio with addition of radiotherapy (95%-CI)</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Risk Ratio with addition of radiotherapy (95%-CI)</b>
	Wound infection	1.14 (NA)	Wound infection	2.49 (1.43,4.35)
	Secondary surgery	1.62 (1.06, 2.48)	Secondary surgery	1.64 (1.17-2.31)
	Reconstructive failure	0.80 (NA)	Reconstructive failure	2.89 (1.30,6.39)
	Volume loss	8.16 (4.26,15.63)		
	Fat necrosis	1.91 (1.45, 2.52)		
			Capsular contracture	5.17 (1.93,13.80)
			ME skin flap nekrosis	1.62 (1.27, 2.08)
			Implant extrusion	3.44 (2.18, 5.43)
	<b>Further risks of autologous reconstruction:</b> <b>Distorsion of breast shape, fibrosis, vascular complications</b> <b>Autologous reconstruction is favored in terms of patient satisfaction and assessment of the aesthetic outcome.</b>			
	<small>NA: not available</small>			

1. Abdelrahman Awadeen, Mohamed Fareed, Ali Mohamed Elameen: The Impact of Postmastectomy Radiation Therapy on the Outcomes of Prepectoral Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *Aesthetic Plast Surg.* 2022 Jul 25. doi: 10.1007/s00266-022-03026-y.
2. Ania Zugasti, Bernardo Hontanilla: The Impact of Adjuvant Radiotherapy on Immediate Implant-based Breast Reconstruction Surgical and Satisfaction Outcomes: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open.* 2021 Nov 5;9(11):e3910. doi: 10.1097/GOX.00000000000003910.
3. Belle Liew, Clea Southall , Muholan Kanapathy, Dariush Nikkhah: Does post-mastectomy radiation therapy worsen outcomes in immediate autologous breast flap reconstruction? A systematic review and meta-analysis. *Meta-Analysis J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2021 Dec;74(12):3260-3280
4. Louise J Magill, Francis P Robertson, Gavin Jell, et al: Determining the outcomes of post-mastectomy radiation therapy delivered to the definitive implant in patients undergoing one- and two-stage implant-based breast reconstruction: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg.* 2017 Oct;70(10):1329-1335. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2017.05.057. Epub 2017 Jun 9.

5. Emma Sewart, Nicholas L Turner, Elizabeth J Conroy, et al, iBRA Steering Group and the Breast Reconstruction Research Collaborative: The Impact of Radiotherapy on Patient-reported Outcomes of Immediate Implant-based Breast Reconstruction With and Without Mesh. *Ann Surg.* 2022 May 1;275(5):992-1001. doi: 10.1097/SLA.0000000000004245. Epub 2020 Jul 9.
6. Jana de Boniface, Hannah Coudé Adam, Axel Frisell, et al: Long-term outcomes of implant-based immediate breast reconstruction with and without radiotherapy: a population-based study. *British Journal of Surgery*, Volume 109, Issue 11, November 2022, Pages 1107–1115, <https://doi.org/10.1093/bjs/znac283>
7. F C J Reinders, D A Young-Afat, M C T Batenburg, et al: Higher reconstruction failure and less patient-reported satisfaction after post mastectomy radiotherapy with immediate implant-based breast reconstruction compared to immediate autologous breast reconstruction. *Breast Cancer.* 2020 May;27(3):435-444. doi: 10.1007/s12282-019-01036-4. Epub 2019 Dec 19.

Prevention and Therapy of Capsular Contracture			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<b>Prevention</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Textured implantats (Caveat: BIA-ALCL)</li> <li>Acellular Dermal Matrix (ADM) vs. nil</li> <li>Synthetic mesh vs. nil</li> <li>Topical antibiotics / antiseptics</li> <li>PVP (Povidone-Iodine)</li> <li>Leukotriene-antagonists</li> <li>Breast massage</li> </ul>	1a 2a 3a 2a 2a 2a 3a	A B C B B B C	+ + + + +/- +/- -
<b>Surgical interventions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Capsulectomy</li> <li>Capsulotomy (Caveat: exclusion of BIA-ALCL)</li> </ul>	3b 3b	C C	+ +

#### Povidone-Iodine:

1. Dang T et al. Povidone-Iodine versus antibiotic irrigation in breast implant surgery: Revival of the ideal solution. J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg. 2020 Feb;73(2):391-407. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.09.007. Epub 2019 Sep 24. PMID: 31582320
2. Yalanis GC et al. Efficacy and Safety of Povidone-Iodine Irrigation in Reducing the Risk of Capsular Contracture in Aesthetic Breast Augmentation: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2015 Oct;136(4):687-98. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000001576. PMID: 26397246
3. Banerjee S, Featherstone R. Povidone-Iodine for Breast Implant Surgery: A Review of Clinical Effectiveness and Guidelines [Internet]. Ottawa (ON): Canadian Agency for Drugs and Technologies in Health; 2019 May 16. PMID: 31487136
4. Swanson E. A Rebuttal of Antibiotic Irrigation as a Method to Reduce Risk of Capsular Contracture and Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large-Cell Lymphoma. Ann Plast Surg. 2020 Nov;85(5):461-463. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000002230. PMID: 31855865
5. Drinane JJ et al. Examining the Role of Antimicrobial Irrigation and Capsular Contracture: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Ann Plast Surg. 2017 Jul;79(1):107-114. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000001134. PMID: 28542075



#### Topical antibiotic irrigation:

1. Samargandi OA et al. Antibiotic Irrigation of Pocket for Implant-Based Breast Augmentation to Prevent Capsular Contracture: A Systematic Review. *Plast Surg (Oakv)*. 2018 May;26(2):110-119. doi: 10.1177/2292550317747854. Epub 2018 Jan 18.PMID: 29845049
2. Lynch JM et al. Breast Pocket Irrigation with Antibiotic Solution at Implant Insertion: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *Aesthetic Plast Surg*. 2018 Oct;42(5):1179-1186. doi: 10.1007/s00266-018-1166-2. Epub 2018 Jun 8.PMID: 29948092
3. Swanson E. A Rebuttal of Antibiotic Irrigation as a Method to Reduce Risk of Capsular Contracture and Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large-Cell Lymphoma. *Ann Plast Surg*. 2020 Nov;85(5):461-463. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000002230.PMID: 31855865
4. Drinane JJ et al. Examining the Role of Antimicrobial Irrigation and Capsular Contracture: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. *Ann Plast Surg*. 2017 Jul;79(1):107-114. doi: 10.1097/SAP.0000000000001134.PMID: 28542075
5. Frois AO et al. The Role of Antibiotics in Breast Pocket Irrigation and Implant Immersion: A Systematic Review. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2018 Sep 14;6(9):e1868. doi: 10.1097/GOX.0000000000001868. eCollection 2018 Sep.PMID: 30349776

#### Breast massage:

1. Sood A et al. Breast Massage, Implant Displacement, and Prevention of Capsular Contracture After Breast Augmentation With Implants: A Review of the Literature. *Eplasty*. 2017 Dec 21;17:e41. eCollection 2017.PMID: 29348783

#### Textured implants:

1. Liu X et al. Comparison of the postoperative incidence rate of capsular contracture among different breast implants: a cumulative meta-analysis. *PLoS One*. 2015 Feb 13;10(2):e0116071. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0116071. eCollection 2015.PMID: 25680100
2. Wong CH et al. Capsular contracture in subglandular breast augmentation with textured versus smooth breast

implants: a systematic review. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2006 Oct;118(5):1224-36. doi: 10.1097/01.prs.0000237013.50283.d2.PMID: 17016195

3. Rocco N et al. Different types of implants for reconstructive breast surgery. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2016 May 16;2016(5):CD010895. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD010895.pub2.PMID: 27182693
4. Barnsley GP et al. Textured surface breast implants in the prevention of capsular contracture among breast augmentation patients: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2006 Jun;117(7):2182-90. doi: 10.1097/01.prs.0000218184.47372.d5. PMID: 16772915

#### Leukotriene antagonists:

1. Wang Y et al. Suppressive Effect of Leukotriene Antagonists on Capsular Contracture in Patients Who Underwent Breast Surgery with Prosthesis: A Meta-Analysis. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2020 Apr;145(4):901-911. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000006629.PMID: 32221199
2. Bresnick SD. Prophylactic Leukotriene Inhibitor Therapy for the Reduction of Capsular Contracture in Primary Silicone Breast Augmentation: Experience with over 1100 Cases. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2017 Feb; 139(2): 379–385. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000003006 PMCID: PMC5327859
3. Graf R et al. Prevention of Capsular Contracture Using Leukotriene Antagonists. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2015 Nov;136(5):592e-6e. doi:10.1097/PRS.0000000000001683.PMID: 26505715

#### Capsulectomy and capsulotomy:

1. Young VL. Guidelines and indications for breast implant capsulectomy. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 1998;102:884–891; discussion 892– 894.
2. Sanger JR. Guidelines and indications for breast implant capsulectomy (Discussion). *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 1998;102:892.
3. Swanson E. Open capsulotomy: an effective but overlooked treatment for capsular contracture after breast augmentation. *Plast Reconstr Surg Glob Open*. 2016, 4:1096. 10.1097/GOX.0000000000001096
4. Melmed EP. A review of explantation in 240 symptomatic women: a description of explantation and **capsulectomy** with

reconstruction using a periareolar technique. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 1998 Apr;101(5):1364-73. doi: 10.1097/00006534-199804050-00036.PMID: 9529228

5. Adams WP Jr. Capsular contracture: what is it? What causes it? How can it be prevented and managed? *Clin Plast Surg*. 2009 Jan;36(1):119-26, vii. doi: 10.1016/j.cps.2008.08.007.PMID: 19055967

#### ADM:

1. Hallberg H et al. Benefits and risks with acellular dermal matrix (ADM) and mesh support in immediate breast reconstruction: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *J Plast Surg Hand Surg*. 2018 Jun;52(3):130-147. doi: 10.1080/2000656X.2017.1419141. Epub 2018 Jan 10.PMID: 29320921
2. Wagner RD et al. A systematic review of complications in prepectoral breast reconstruction. *J Plast Reconstr Aesthet Surg*. 2019 Jul;72(7):1051-1059. doi: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.04.005. Epub 2019 Apr 21.PMID: 31076195
3. Masià J; iBAG Working Group. The largest multicentre data collection on prepectoral breast reconstruction: The iBAG study. *J Surg Oncol*. 2020 Oct;122(5):848-860. doi: 10.1002/jso.26073. Epub 2020 Aug 12.PMID: 32786089
4. Lee KT, Mun GH. Updated Evidence of Acellular Dermal Matrix Use for Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: A Meta-analysis. *Ann Surg Oncol*. 2016 Feb;23(2):600-10. doi: 10.1245/s10434-015-4873-9. Epub 2015 Oct 5.PMID: 26438439
5. Vardanian AJ et al. Comparison of implant-based immediate breast reconstruction with and without acellular dermal matrix. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2011 Nov;128(5):403e-410e. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0b013e31822b6637.PMID: 22030500
6. Salzberg CA et al. An 8-year experience of direct-to-implant immediate breast reconstruction using human acellular dermal matrix (AlloDerm). *Plast Reconstr Surg* 2011;127:514-24.
7. Salzberg CA et al. Acellular Dermal Matrix-Assisted Direct-to-Implant Breast Reconstruction and Capsular Contracture: A 13-Year Experience. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2016 Aug;138(2):329-37. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000002331.PMID: 27064232
8. Mowlds DS et al. Capsular Contracture in Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction: Examining the Role of Acellular Dermal Matrix Fenestrations. *Plast Reconstr Surg*. 2015 Oct;136(4):629-35. doi: 10.1097/PRS.0000000000001570.PMID: 26090760

Mesh:

1. Dieterich M et al. Patient-Report Satisfaction and Health-Related Quality of Life in TiLOOP Bra-Assisted or Implant-Based Breast Reconstruction Alone. *Aesthetic Plast Surg*. 2015 Aug;39(4):523-33. doi: 10.1007/s00266-015-0520-x. Epub 2015 Jun 18. PMID: 26085227
2. Hallberg H et al. Benefits and risks with acellular dermal matrix (ADM) and mesh support in immediate breast reconstruction: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *J Plast Surg Hand Surg*. 2018 Jun;52(3):130-147. doi: 10.1080/2000656X.2017.1419141. Epub 2018 Jan 10. PMID: 29320921

Arbeitsgemeinschaft  
GYNÄKOLOGISCHE  
ONKOLOGIE e.V.

Senologie

MAMMA

# Seroma after Implant-Based Reconstruction I

© AGO e. V.  
in der DGGG e.V.  
sowie  
in der DKG e.V.

Guidelines Breast  
Version 2023.1E

In collaboration  
with:

AWOgyn

www.ago-online.de

FORSCHEN  
LEBEN  
HEILEN

- Incidence: approx. 5-10 % (2-50 %)

## Influencing factors:

- History of radiation increases risk (RR approx. 3)
- Obesity increases risk (e.g. BMI > 30 vs. < 30; RR approx. 3)
- Use of ADM increases risk (RR approx. 3)
- Use of expander with smooth surface increases risk (RR approx. 5)
- History of neoadj. Chemotherapy doesn't seem to increase risk
- Prepectoral lodge doesn't seem to increase risk

## Oxford

LoE GR

2a B

2a B

2a B

2a B

3b C

2a B

2b B

1. Jordan SW et al. Seroma in Prosthetic Breast Reconstruction. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2016 Apr. 2016 Apr;137(4):1104-16. doi: 10.1097/01.prs.0000481102.24444.72.
2. Chiu WK et al Judging an Expander by Its Cover: A Propensity-Matched Analysis of the Impact of Tissue Expander Surface Texture on First-Stage Breast Reconstruction Outcomes. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2021 Jan 1;147(1):1e-6e. doi: 10.1097/PRS.00000000000007417. Plast Reconstr Surg. 2021. PMID: 33002978
3. Avila A et al: Acute Postoperative Complications in Prepectoral versus Subpectoral Reconstruction following Nipple-Sparing Mastectomy DOI: 10.1097/PRS.00000000000007326
4. Varghese J et al: A systematic review and meta-analysis on the effect of neoadjuvant chemotherapy on complications following immediate breast reconstruction. DOI: 10.1016/j.breast.2020.11.023

Seroma after Implant-Based Reconstruction II			
	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<b>Prevention</b>			
▪ Drain	3b	C	+
▪ Drain removal at < 30ml per 24 hours	2b	B	+
<b>Therapy</b>			
▪ Evacuation of serma by FNA or re-insertion of drain	4	C	+
▪ Dressings	5	D	+/-
▪ Revision surgery with capsulectomy (ultima ratio)	5	D	+
▪ Revision surgery with implant removal (ultima ratio)	5	D	+

1. Jung BK et al Ultrasonic dissection versus electrocautery for immediate prosthetic breast reconstruction. Arch Plast Surg. 2020 Jan;47(1):20-25. doi: 10.5999/aps.2019.00759. Epub 2020 Jan 15.
2. Moyer KE et al Technique for seroma drainage in implant-based breast reconstruction. DOI: 10.1016/j.bjps.2012.06.016
3. Scomacao I et al: The use of surgical site drains in breast reconstruction: A systematic review. DOI: 10.1016/j.bjps.2019.11.019
4. Ditsch N, Pochert N, Jeschke U....Kühn T: OT3-20-0 4; SerMa – Seroma formations of the mammary gland in breast cancer patients after mastectomy and implant-based reconstruction (EUBREAST 5); SABCS 2022

## Surgical Prevention

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
■ <b>Risk-reducing unilateral or bilateral mastectomy (RRME) without the presence of clearly defined genetic risk factors</b>	2a	B	-*
■ <b>Axillary dissection or Sentinel lymph node biopsy during RRME</b>	2a	B	--

\* study participation recommended

### RRME ohne gentisches Risiko

1. Kurian AW, Lichtensztajn DY, Keegan TH, et al. Use of and mortality after bilateral mastectomy compared with other surgical treatments for breast cancer in California, 1998-2011. JAMA. 2014;312(9):902-14.
2. Copson ER, Maishman TC, Tapper WJ, et al: Germline BRCA mutation and outcome in young-onset breast cancer (POSH): a prospective cohort study. Lancet Oncol 2018, DOI: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045\(17\)30891-4](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045(17)30891-4).

### Sentinel-Lymphknoten Exzision bei RRME

1. Wong SM, Ferroum A, Apostolova C et al. Incidence of Occult Breast Cancer in Carriers of BRCA1/2 or Other High-Penetrance Pathogenic Variants Undergoing Prophylactic Mastectomy: When is Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy Indicated? Ann Surg Oncol. 2022 Oct;29(11):6660-6668.

## Surgical Prevention for Healthy Female *BRCA1/2* Mutation Carriers

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<b>■ Risk-reducing bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy (RR-BSO)**</b>	<b>2a</b>	<b>B</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduces OvCa incidence and mortality</li> </ul>			++*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduces overall mortality</li> </ul>			++*
<b>■ Risk-reducing bilateral mastectomy (RR-BM)</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduces BC incidence</li> </ul>	<b>2b</b>	<b>B</b>	+*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduces BC mortality in <i>BRCA1</i> mutation carriers***</li> </ul>	<b>2b</b>	<b>B</b>	+*

\* Study participation recommended  
 \*\* The RR-BSO is recommended from about 35 years for *BRCA1* and from about 40 years for *BRCA2* mutation carriers, taking into account the age of ovarian cancer diagnosis in the family and the family planning status.  
 \*\*\* No reduction in mortality could be shown for *BRCA2* mutation carriers. RRBm counselling should be individualised.

- Domchek SM, Friebel TM, Neuhausen SL, et al. Mortality after bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy in *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* mutation carriers: a prospective cohort study. *Lancet Oncol*. 2006;7(3):223-9.
- Domchek SM, Friebel TM, Singer CF, et al. Association of risk-reducing surgery in *BRCA1* or *BRCA2* mutation carriers with cancer risk and mortality. *JAMA*. 2010;304(9):967-75.
- Heemskerk-Gerritsen BAM, Seynaeve C, van Asperen CJ, et al.: Breast Cancer Risk After Salpingo-Oophorectomy in Healthy *BRCA1/2* Mutation Carriers: Revisiting the Evidence for Risk Reduction. *JNCI J Natl Cancer Inst* (2015) 107(5): djv033
- Heemskerk-Gerritsen BAM, Jager A, Koppert LB et al: Survival after bilateral risk-reducing mastectomy in healthy *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* mutation carriers. *Breast Cancer Res Treat* 2019, 177(3):723-733.
- Hoogerbrugge N, Bult P, Bonenkamp JJ, et al. Numerous high-risk epithelial lesions in familial breast cancer. *Eur J Cancer*. 2006;42(15):2492-8.
- Kauff ND, Satagopan JM, Robson ME, et al. Risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy in women with a *BRCA1* or *BRCA2* mutation. *N Engl J Med*. 2002;346(21):1609-15.
- Kotsopoulos J, Huzarski T, Gronwald J, et al: Hereditary Breast Cancer Clinical Study Group. Bilateral Oophorectomy and Breast Cancer Risk in *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* Mutation Carriers. *J Natl Cancer Inst*. 2016 Sep 6;109(1). doi:



10.1093/jnci/djw177. Print 2017 Jan.

8. Lostumbo L, Carbine NE, Wallace J. Prophylactic mastectomy for the prevention of breast cancer. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2010(11):CD002748.
9. Mavaddat N, Antoniou AC, Mooij TM et al: Risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy, natural menopause, and breast cancer risk: an international prospective cohort of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Breast Cancer Res 2020, 22(1):8.
10. Meijers-Heijboer H, van Geel B, van Putten WL, et al. Breast cancer after prophylactic bilateral mastectomy in women with a BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation. N Engl J Med. 2001;345(3):159-64.
11. Rebbeck TR, Friebel T, Lynch HAT, et al. Bilateral prophylactic mastectomy reduces breast cancer risk in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers: the PROSE Study Group. J Clin Oncol. 2004;22(6):1055-62.
12. Rebbeck TR, Lynch HT, Neuhausen SL, et al. Prophylactic oophorectomy in carriers of BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations. N Engl J Med. 2002;346(21):1616-22.
13. Xiao YL, Wang K, Liu Q, Li J, Zhang X, Li HY. Risk Reduction and Survival Benefit of Risk-Reducing Salpingo-oophorectomy in Hereditary Breast Cancer: Meta-analysis and Systematic Review. Clin Breast Cancer. 2019 Feb;19(1):e48-e65. doi: 10.1016/j.clbc.2018.09.011. Epub 2018 Oct 4. PMID: 30470623.

## Risk-reducing Interventions for BRCA1/2 Female Mutation Carriers Affected by Breast Cancer

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Risk-reducing bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy (RR-BSO)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Reduces OvCa incidence and mortality</li> <li>▪ Reduces overall mortality (contradictory results for reduction of cl BC incidence)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2b	B	+*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Prophylactic contralateral mastectomy (RR-CM)*</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Reduces BC incidence and mortality</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	2b	B	+*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Tamoxifen (reduces contralateral BC incidence)</b></li> </ul>	2b	B	+/-*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Indication for RR-CM should consider age, age at onset of first breast cancer in affected gene</b></li> </ul>	2a	B	++*
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>RR-BM after ovarian cancer</b></li> </ul>	4	C	+/-**

\* Study participation recommended  
 \*\* Depends on tumor stage (FIGO I/II), recurrence free interval (≥ 5 yrs.), age

1. Domchek SM, Jhaveri K, Patil S et al. Risk of metachronous breast cancer after BRCA mutation associated ovarian cancer. Cancer 2013;119:1344-8.
2. Evans DG, Ingham SL, Baidam A, et al. Contralateral mastectomy improves survival in women with BRCA1/2-associated breast cancer. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2013;140(1):135-42.
3. Fong A, Cass I, John C, Gillen J, Moore KM, Gangi A, Walsh C, Li AJ, Rimel BJ, Karlan BY, Amersi F. Breast Cancer Surveillance Following Ovarian Cancer in BRCA Mutation Carriers. Am Surg. 2020 Oct;86(10):1243-1247. doi: 10.1177/0003134820964208. Epub 2020 Oct 26. PMID: 33106023.
4. Graeser MK, Engel C, Rhiem K, et al. Contralateral breast cancer risk in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. J Clin Oncol. 2009;27(35):5887-92.
5. Heemskerk-Gerritsen BA, Rookus MA, Aalfs CM, et al. Improved overall survival after contralateral risk-reducing mastectomy in BRCA1/2 mutation carriers with a history of unilateral breast cancer: a prospective analysis. Int J Cancer. 2015;136(3):668-77.
6. Jacobson M, Narod SA: Does oophorectomy reduce breast cancer mortality for BRCA mutation carriers after breast cancer? Expert Rev Anticancer Ther. 2018 Apr;18(4):305-306
7. Kotsopoulos J, Narod SA Prophylactic mastectomy for BRCA mutation carriers after ovarian cancer treatment: is it

beneficial? *Expert Rev Anticancer* ,18(3):199-200.

8. McGee J, Giannakeas V, Karlan B, et al. Risk of breast cancer after a diagnosis of ovarian cancer in BRCA mutation carriers: is preventive mastectomy warranted? *Gynecol Oncol*. 2017 May;145(2):346–351.
9. Metcalfe K, Gershman S, Ghadirian P, et al. Contralateral mastectomy and survival after breast cancer in carriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutations: retrospective analysis. *BMJ*. 2014;348:g226.
10. Metcalfe K, Lynch HT, Foulkes WD, et al. Effect of Oophorectomy on Survival After Breast Cancer in BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. *JAMA Oncol*. 2015;1(3):306-13.
11. Metcalfe K, Lynch HT, Ghadirian P, et al. Contralateral breast cancer in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. *J Clin Oncol*. 2004;22(12):2328-35.
12. Metcalfe KA, Lubinski J, Ghadirian P, et al. Predictors of contralateral prophylactic mastectomy in women with a BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation: the Hereditary Breast Cancer Clinical Study Group. *J Clin Oncol*. 2008;26(7):1093-7.
13. Phillips KA, Milne RL, Rookus MA et al. Tamoxifen and risk of contralateral breast cancer for BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. *J Clin Oncol* 2013,31(25):3091-9.
14. Rhiem K, Engel C, Graeser M, et al. The risk of contralateral breast cancer in patients from BRCA1/2 negative high risk families as compared to patients from BRCA1 or BRCA2 positive families: a retrospective cohort study. *Breast Cancer Res*. 2012;14(6):R156.
15. Ye-Lei Xiao, Kang Wang, Qiang Liu, et al.: Risk Reduction and Survival Benefit of Risk-Reducing Salpingo-oophorectomy in Hereditary Breast Cancer: Meta-analysis and Systematic Review. *Clinical Breast Cancer*, Vol. 19, No. 1, e48-65