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Guidelines Breast
Version 2011.10

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Diagnostik und Therapie früher und fortgeschrittener Mammakarzinome

Osteonkologie und Knochengesundheit



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Osteonkologie und Knochengesundheit

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Schaller / Scharl / Schütz / Seegenschmiedt / Solbach / Solomayer /
Souchon
- **Version 2021:**
Banys-Paluchowski / Kolberg-Liedtke



Bisphosphonate beim metastasierten Mammakarzinom

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
▪ Therapie der Hyperkalzämie	1a	A	++
▪ Reduktion skelettaler Ereignisse / Komplikationen	1a	A	++
▪ Reduktion von Knochenschmerzen	1a	A	++
▪ Verlängerung der Zeit bis zum Auftreten von Knochenschmerzen	1a	A	++
▪ Therapie nach ossärer Progression	5	D	++
▪ Bestimmung von Knochenresorptionsmarkern zur Therapiekontrolle	5	D	-
▪ Alleinige Therapie zur Analgesie bei Knochenschmerzen	5	D	-

Meta-analyses and Reviews (metastatic breast cancer)

1. Coleman R, Hadji P, Body JJ et al. Bone health in cancer: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines. Ann Oncol 2020; 31(12):1650-1663. doi: 10.1016/j.annonc.2020.07.019.
2. O'Carrigan B, Wong MH, Willson ML et al. Bisphosphonates and other bone agents for breast cancer. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2017 Oct 30;10:CD003474. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD003474.pub4.
3. Van Poznak C, Somerfield MR, Barlow WE et al. Role of Bone-Modifying Agents in Metastatic Breast Cancer: An American Society of Clinical Oncology-Cancer Care Ontario Focused Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol 35(35):3978-3986, 2017
4. Tesfamariam Y, Jakob T, Wöckel A et al. Adjuvant bisphosphonates or RANK-ligand inhibitors for patients with breast cancer and bone metastases: A systematic review and network meta-analysis. Crit Rev Oncol Hematol. 2019;137:1-8.

Results of Phase III trials (metastatic breast cancer)

1. Body JJ, Diel IJ, Lichinitser MR et al. Intravenous ibandronate reduces the incidence of skeletal complications in patients with breast cancer and bone metastases. Ann Oncol 14:1399-1405,2003
2. Diel IJ, Body JJ, Lichinitser MR et al. Improved quality of life for long-term treatment with the bisphosphonate ibandronate in patients with metastatic bone disease due to breast cancer. Eur J Cancer 40:1704-1712, 2004
3. Body JJ, Diel IJ, Lichinitser M et al. Oral ibandronate reduces the risk of skeletal complications in breast cancer patients with with

metastatic bone disease; results from two randomized, placebo-controlled phase III studies. Br J Cancer 90:1133-1137., 2004

4. Tripathy D, Lichinitser M, Lazarev A et al. Oral ibandronate for the treatment of metastatic bone disease in breast cancer: efficacy and safety results from a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. Ann Oncol 15:743-750, 2004
5. Rosen LS, Gordon D, Kaminski M et al. . Long-term efficacy and safety of zoledronic acid compared with pamidronate disodium in the treatment of skeletal complications in patients with advanced multiple myeloma or breast cancer. Cancer 98:1735-1744, 2003
6. Rosen LS, Gordon DH, Dugan W et al. Zoledronic acid is superior to pamidronate for the treatment of bone metastases in breast carcinoma patients with at least one osteolytic lesion. Cancer 100:36-43, 2004

Clinical relevance of bone resorption marker

1. Van Poznak C, Somerfield MR, Barlow WE et al. Role of Bone-Modifying Agents in Metastatic Breast Cancer: An American Society of Clinical Oncology-Cancer Care Ontario Focused Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol 35(35):3978-3986, 2017

Bisphosphonates for bone pain control

1. Van Poznak C, Somerfield MR, Barlow W. et al. Role of Bone-Modifying Agents in Metastatic Breast Cancer: An American Society of Clinical Oncology-Cancer Care Ontario Focused Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol 35(35):3978-3986, 2017



Denosumab beim metastasierten Mammakarzinom

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
▪ Therapie der Hyperkalzämie	1a	A	++
▪ Reduktion skelettaler Ereignisse / Komplikationen	1a	A	++
▪ Reduktion von Knochenschmerzen	1a	A	++
▪ Verlängerung der Zeit bis zum Auftreten von Knochenschmerzen	1b	A	++
▪ Therapie nach ossärer Progression	5	D	+
▪ Progression unter Bisphosphonaten	4	C	+/-
▪ Bestimmung von Knochenresorptionsmarkern zur Therapiekontrolle	5	D	-
▪ Alleinige Therapie zur Analgesie bei Knochenschmerzen	5	D	-

Denosumab - Therapy of bone metastases and skeletal related complications

1. Stopeck AT, Lipton A, Body JJ et al. Denosumab Compared With Zoledronic Acid for the Treatment of Bone Metastases in Patients With Advanced Breast Cancer: A Randomized, Double-Blind Study, J Clin Oncol 28:5132-5139, 2010
2. Lipton A, Steger GG, Figueroa J, et al. Extended efficacy and safety of denosumab in breast cancer patients with bone metastases not receiving prior bisphosphonate therapy. Clin Cancer Res 14:6690–6699, 2008
3. Lipton A, Steger GG, Figueroa J, et al. Randomized active-controlled phase II study of denosumab efficacy and safety in patients with breast cancer-related bone metastases. J Clin Oncol 25:4431–4437, 2007
4. O'Carrigan B, Wong MH, Willson ML et al. Bisphosphonates and other bone agents for breast cancer. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2017 Oct 30;10:CD003474. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD003474.pub4.
5. Tesfamariam Y, Jakob T, Wöckel A et al. Adjuvant bisphosphonates or RANK-ligand inhibitors for patients with breast cancer and bone metastases: A systematic review and network meta-analysis. Crit Rev Oncol Hematol. 2019;137:1-8.

Progression under bisphosphonates

1. Fizazi, K, Lipton, A, Mariette X, et al. Randomized phase II trial of denosumab in patients with bone metastases from prostate cancer, breast cancer, or other neoplasms after intravenous bisphosphonates. J Clin Oncol 27:1564-71, 2009
2. Mjelstad A, Zakariasson G, Valachis A et al. Optimizing antiresorptive treatment in patients with bone metastases: time to

initiation, switching strategies, and treatment duration. Support Care Cancer. 2019;27(10):3859-3867. doi: 10.1007/s00520-019-04676-6.

Clinical relevance of bone resorption marker

1. Van Poznak C, Somerfield MR, Barlow WE et al. Role of Bone-Modifying Agents in Metastatic Breast Cancer: An American Society of Clinical Oncology-Cancer Care Ontario Focused Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol 35(35):3978-3986, 2017

Bisphosphonates for bone pain control

1. Van Poznak C, Somerfield MR, Barlow WE et al. Role of Bone-Modifying Agents in Metastatic Breast Cancer: An American Society of Clinical Oncology-Cancer Care Ontario Focused Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol 35(35):3978-3986, 2017

Longer-Interval vs Standard Dosing of Bone-Targeted Agents

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- CALGB 70604 trial:** n = 1822 patients with metastatic breast cancer, metastatic prostate cancer, or multiple myeloma, 795 completed the study
SRE after 2 years:

29.5% zoledronic acid every 4 weeks
28.6% zoledronic acid every 12 weeks
- OPTIMIZE-2 trial:** n = 416 women with metastatic breast cancer, prior exposure to zoledronate or pamidronate for approx. 1 year or more
SRE after 1 year:

22.0% zoledronic acid every 4 weeks
23.2% zoledronic acid every 12 weeks
- REaCT-BTA trial:** n = 263 metastatic cancer (160 breast, 103 prostate)
 Denosumab (n = 148), zoledronate (n = 63) or pamidronate (n = 52) q4w vs. q12w
 Primary endpoint (non-inferiority of q12w vs. q4w in HRQoL) reached
Cumulative SSE after 1 year:

7.6% bone-targeted agent every 4 weeks
16.6% bone-targeted agent every 12 weeks (p = 0.27)

Randomized trials – Zoledronic acid:

1. CALGB 70604: Himelstein AL, Foster JC, Khatcheressian JL et al. Effect of Longer-Interval vs Standard Dosing of Zoledronic Acid on Skeletal Events in Patients With Bone Metastases: A Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA 317(1):48-58, 2017
2. OPTIMIZE-2: Hortobagyi GN, Van Poznak C, Harker WG et al. Continued Treatment Effect of Zoledronic Acid Dosing Every 12 vs 4 Weeks in Women With Breast Cancer Metastatic to Bone: The OPTIMIZE-2 Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA Oncol 3(7):906-912, 2017
3. Amadori D, Aglietta M, Alessi B et al. Efficacy and safety of 12-weekly versus 4-weekly zoledronic acid for prolonged treatment of patients with bone metastases from breast cancer (ZOOM): a phase 3, open-label, randomised, non-inferiority trial. Lancet Oncol 14(7):663-70, 2013

Randomized trials – Other bone-targeted agents

1. REaCT-BTA: Clemons M, Ong M, Stober C et al. A randomised trial of 4- versus 12-weekly administration of bone-targeted agents in patients with bone metastases from breast or castration-resistant prostate cancer. Eur J Cancer 2021; 142: 132-140
2. Amir E, Freedman O, Carlsson L et al. Randomized Feasibility Study of De-escalated (Every 12 wk) Versus Standard (Every 3 to 4 wk) Intravenous Pamidronate in Women With Low-risk Bone Metastases From Breast Cancer. Am J Clin Oncol 2013; 36: 436-442

3. Lipton A, Steger GG, Figueroa J et al. Randomized Active-Controlled Phase II Study of Denosumab Efficacy and Safety in Patients With Breast Cancer-Related Bone Metastases. *J Clin Onc* 2007; 25 (28): 4431-4437

Non-randomized studies:

1. Addison CL, Bouganim N, Hilton J et al. A phase II, multicentre trial evaluating the efficacy of de-escalated bisphosphonate therapy in metastatic breast cancer patients at low-risk of skeletal-related events. *Breast Cancer Res Treat* 2014; 144: 615-624

Systematic reviews:

1. Awan AA, Hutton B, Hilton J et al., De-escalation of bone-modifying agents in patients with bone metastases from breast cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Breast Cancer Res Treat.* 2019;176(3):507-517.



Bisphosphonate und Denosumab für die Therapie von Knochenmetastasen

- Clodronat p.o. 1600 mg täglich
- Clodronat i.v. 1500 mg q3w / q4w
- Pamidronat i.v. 90 mg
 - q3w/q4w
 - q12w
- Ibandronat i.v. 6 mg q3w / q4w
- Ibandronat p.o. 50 mg täglich
- Zoledronat i.v. 4 mg
 - q4w
 - q12w
- Denosumab 120 mg s.c.
 - q4w
 - q12w
- Andere Dosierungen oder Schemata, wie z.B. aus den Studien zur adjuvanten Situation oder Osteoporosetherapie
- Geplanter sequentieller Einsatz von verschiedenen Substanzen

Oxford		
LoE	GR	AGO
1a	A	++
1a	A	++
1a	A	++
2b	B	+/-
1a	A	++
1a	A	++
1a	A	+
1a	A	++
1a	A	++
2b	B	+/-
S	D	—
2b	B	+/-

Reviews / Guidelines:

1. O'Carrigan B, Wong MH, Willson ML et al. Bisphosphonates and other bone agents for breast cancer. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2017;10:CD003474. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD003474.pub4.
2. Van Poznak C, Somerfield MR, Barlow WE et al. Role of Bone-Modifying Agents in Metastatic Breast Cancer: An American Society of Clinical Oncology-Cancer Care Ontario Focused Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol 35(35):3978-3986, 2017
3. Ibrahim MF, Mazzeo S, Shorr R et al. Should de-escalation of bone-targeting agents be standard of care for patients with bone metastases from breast cancer? A systematic review and meta-analysis. Ann Oncol. 26(11):2205-13, 2015
4. Awan AA, Hutton B, Hilton J et al., De-escalation of bone-modifying agents in patients with bone metastases from breast cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2019;176(3):507-517.
5. Shapiro CL, Moriarty JP, Dusetzina S et al. Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Monthly Zoledronic Acid, Zoledronic Acid Every 3 Months, and Monthly Denosumab in Women With Breast Cancer and Skeletal Metastases: CALGB 70604 (Alliance). J Clin Oncol. 2017; 35(35):3949-3955.

Zoledronic acid:

1. Himmelstein AL, Foster JC, Khatcheressian JL et al. Effect of Longer-Interval vs Standard Dosing of Zoledronic Acid on Skeletal

- Events in Patients With Bone Metastases: A Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA 317(1):48-58, 2017
2. Hortobagyi GN, Van Poznak C, Harker WG et al. Continued Treatment Effect of Zoledronic Acid Dosing Every 12 vs 4 Weeks in Women With Breast Cancer Metastatic to Bone: The OPTIMIZE-2 Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA Oncol 3(7):906-912, 2017
 3. Amadori D, Aglietta M, Alessi B et al. Efficacy and safety of 12-weekly versus 4-weekly zoledronic acid for prolonged treatment of patients with bone metastases from breast cancer (ZOOM): a phase 3, open-label, randomised, non-inferiority trial. Lancet Oncol 14(7):663-70, 2013
 4. Santini D, Galvano A, Pantano F et al. How do skeletal morbidity rate and special toxicities affect 12-week versus 4-week schedule zoledronic acid efficacy? A systematic review and a meta-analysis of randomized trials. Crit Rev Oncol Hematol. 2019;142:68-75.

Pamidronate:

1. Amir E, Freedman O, Carlsson L et al. Randomized Feasibility Study of De-escalated (Every 12 wk) Versus Standard (Every 3 to 4 wk) Intravenous Pamidronate in Women With Low-risk Bone Metastases From Breast Cancer. Am J Clin Oncol 2013; 36: 436-442
2. Addison CL, Bouganim N, Hilton J et al. A phase II, multicentre trial evaluating the efficacy of de-escalated bisphosphonate therapy in metastatic breast cancer patients at low-risk of skeletal-related events. Breast Cancer Res Treat 2014; 144: 615-624

Denosumab & bisphosphonates:

1. Clemons M, Ong M, Stober C et al. A randomised trial of 4- versus 12-weekly administration of bone-targeted agents in patients with bone metastases from breast or castration-resistant prostate cancer. Eur J Cancer 2021; 142: 132-140
2. Lipton A, Steger GG, Figueroa J et al. Randomized Active-Controlled Phase II Study of Denosumab Efficacy and Safety in Patients With Breast Cancer-Related Bone Metastases. J Clin Onc 2007; 25 (28): 4431-4437

Denosumab:

1. Templeton AJ, Stalder L, Bernhard J et al. Prevention of symptomatic skeletal events with denosumab administered every 4 weeks versus every 12 weeks: A noninferiority phase III trial (SAKK 96/12, REDUSE). J Clin Oncol 32:5s, 2014 (suppl; abstr TPS5095)

Sequential therapy with different BTAs:

1. Srivastava A, Noguera-Gonzales GM, Geng Y et al. Prevalence of medication related osteonecrosis of the jaw in patients treated with sequential antiresorptive drugs: systematic review and meta-analysis. *Support Care Cancer*. 2020. doi: 10.1007/s00520-020-05882-3.

Ossäre Metastasen Radionuklidtherapie



▪ Tumorprogression nach Ausschöpfung der Standardtherapie multipler / disseminierter Skelettmetastasen und intolerabler Knochenschmerzen

- ¹⁸⁶Rhenium-HEDP (hydroxyethyliden-diphosphonat)
- ¹⁵³Samarium-EDTMP
- ⁸⁹Strontium
- ²²³Radium
- ¹⁷⁷Lu-EDTMP
- ¹⁸⁶Rhenium-HEDP

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
	1b	B	+
	2b	B	+
	1b	B	+
	1b	B	+
	2b	C	+
	2b	C	+
	1b	B	+

Cave: die potentiellen Vorteile sollten gegenüber der Gefahr der Myelosuppression und Panzytopenie abgewogen werden

Reviews / Overview

1. Hoskin PJ: Radioisotopes for metastatic bone pain. *Lancet Oncol* 6(6):353-4, 2005
2. Bauman G, Chrrette M, Reid R, Sathya J. Radiopharmaceuticals for the palliation of painful bone metastasis-a systemic review. *Radioth Oncol* 75: 258-70, 2005
3. Roque i Figuls M, Martinez-Zapata MJ, Scott-Brown M et al. Radioisotopes for metastatic bone pain (Cochrane Review). In: *The Cochrane Library* 2011, Issue 7. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd. Art. No.: CD003347. DOI: 10.1002/14651858.CD003347.pub2

¹⁸⁶Rhenium (¹⁸⁶Re-HEDP)

1. de Klerk JM, van het Schip AD, Zonnenberg BA et al. Phase 1 study of rhenium-186-HEDP in patients with bone metastases originating from breast cancer. *J Nucl Med* 137:244-49, 1996
2. Han SH, Zonneberg BA, de Klerk JM et al. ¹⁸⁶Re-etidronate in breast cancer patients with metastatic bone pain. *J Nucl Med* 40:639-42, 1999
3. Kolesnikov-Gauthier H, Carpentier P, Depreux P et al. Evaluation of toxicity and efficacy of ¹⁸⁶Re-hydroxyethylidene diphosphonate in patients with painful bone metastases of prostate or breast cancer. *J Nucl Med* 41:1689-94, 2004
4. Limouris GS, Shukla SK, Condi-Paphiti A et al. Palliative therapy using rhenium-186-HEDP in painful breast osseous metastases. *Anticancer Res* 17:1767-72, 1997

¹⁵³Samarium (¹⁵³Sm-EDTMP)

1. Anderson PM, Wiseman GA, Dispenzieri A et al. High-dose samarium-153 ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate: low toxicity of skeletal irradiation in patients with osteosarcoma and bone metastases. *J Clin Oncol* 20:189-96, 2002
2. Serafini AN. Systemic metabolic radiotherapy with samarium-153 EDTMP for the treatment of painful bone metastasis. *Q J Nucl Med*. 45:91-9, 2001
3. Kolesnikov-Gauthier H, Lemoine N, Tresch-Bruneel E et al. Efficacy and safety of ¹⁵³Sm-EDTMP as treatment of painful bone metastasis: a large single-center study. *Support Care Cancer*. 2017 Sep 17. doi: 10.1007/s00520-017-3885-3

⁸⁹Strontium (⁸⁹Sr-Chlorid)

1. Baziotis N, Yakoumakis E, Zissimopoulos A et al. Strontium-89 chloride in the treatment of bone metastases from breast cancer. *Oncology* 55:377-81, 1998
2. Fuster D, Herranz D, Vidal-Sicart S et al. Usefulness of strontium-89 for bone pain palliation in metastatic breast cancer patients. *Nucl Med Commun* 21:623-26, 2002
3. Kasalicky J, Krajska V. The effect of repeated strontium-89 chloride therapy on bone pain palliation in patients with skeletal cancer metastases. *Eur J Nucl Med* 25:1362-67, 1998
4. Sciuto R, Festa A, Pasqualoni R et al. Metastatic bone pain palliation with ⁸⁹Sr and ¹⁸⁶Re-HEDP in breast cancer patients. *Breast Cancer Res Treat* 66:101-19, 2001

²²³Ra-dichloride:

1. Pandit-Taskar N, Larson SM, Carrasquillo JA. Bone-seeking radiopharmaceuticals for treatment of osseous metastases, Part 1: α therapy with ²²³Ra-dichloride. *J Nucl Med* 55(2):268-74, 2015

¹⁷⁷Lu (Lutetium)-EDTMP

1. Agarwal KK, Singla S, Arora G, Bal C. (¹⁷⁷)Lu-EDTMP for palliation of pain from bone metastases in patients with prostate and breast cancer: a phase II study. *Eur J Nucl Med Mol Imaging*. 42(1):79-88,2015
2. Sharma S, Singh B, Koul A et al. Comparative Therapeutic Efficacy of ¹⁵³Sm-EDTMP and ¹⁷⁷Lu-EDTMP for Bone Pain Palliation in Patients with Skeletal Metastases: Patients' Pain Score Analysis and Personalized Dosimetry. *Front Med (Lausanne)*. 2017 May 1;4:46. doi: 0.3389/fmed.2017.00046. eCollection 2017.



Knochenmetastasen in der Wirbelsäule

Operationsindikatoren

Oxford LoE: 2b

GR: C

AGO: ++

- **Spinales Kompressionssyndrom**
 - Mit progredienter neurologischer Symptomatik
 - Mit pathologischen Frakturen
- **Instabilität der Wirbelkörper**
- **Läsionen in vorbestrahlten Teilen der Wirbelsäule**

1. Wood TJ, Racano A, Yeung H et al. Surgical management of bone metastases: quality of evidence and systematic review. Ann Surg Oncol 21(13):4081-9, 2014
2. Ju DG, Yurter A, Gokaslan ZL et al. Diagnosis and surgical management of breast cancer metastatic to the spine. World J Clin Oncol 10;5(3):263-71, 2014
3. Rades D, Veninga T, Stalpers LJ et al. Prognostic factors predicting functional outcomes, recurrence-free survival, and overall survival after radiotherapy for metastatic spinal cord compression in breast cancer patients. Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys 64(1):182-8, 2006
4. Walker MP, Yaszemski MJ, Kim CW et al. Metastatic disease of the spine: evaluation and treatment. Clin Orthop 2003;415 Suppl:S165-75
5. Guideline Program Oncology (Deutsche Krebsgesellschaft, Deutsche Krebshilfe, AWMF): Supportive care of oncological patients – Version 1.3 – 2020 AWMF-Register Nr.: 032/054OL. https://www.leitlinienprogramm-onkologie.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Downloads/Leitlinien/Supportivtherapie/LL_Supportiv_Langversion_1.3.pdf
6. Ahangar P, Aziz M, Rosenzweig DH et al. Advances in personalized treatment of metastatic spine disease. Ann Transl Med. 2019;7(10):223. Review.
7. Conti A, Acker G, Kluge A et al., Decision Making in Patients With Metastatic Spine. The Role of Minimally Invasive Treatment

Modalities. *Front Oncol.* 2019;19;9:915.

8. Schoenfeld AJ, Le HV, Marjoua Y et al. Assessing the utility of a clinical prediction score regarding 30-day morbidity and mortality following metastatic spinal surgery: the New England Spinal Metastasis Score (NESMS). *Spine J.* 2016;16(4):482-90, doi: 10.1016/j.spinee.2015.09.043
9. Rothrock RJ, Barzilai O, Reiner AS et al. Survival Trends After Surgery for Spinal Metastatic Tumors: 20-Year Cancer Center Experience. *Neurosurgery* 2020;nyaa380, doi: 10.1093/neuros/nyaa380.



Knochenmetastasen – Spinales Kompressionssyndrom / Paraplegie

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operation zur Dekompression, Reduktion der Tumormasse und Stabilisierung (< 24 h) sowie Bestrahlung der Wirbelsäule 	2b	C	++
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bestrahlung der Wirbelsäule (< 24 h) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bestrahlungsregime (1 x 8-10 Gy vs. mehrere Fraktionen) in Abhängigkeit von der Gesamtprognose, Allgemeinzustand und Präferenz der Patientin 	3b	C	++
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sofortiger Therapiebeginn 	1c	D	++
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Steroide (Beginn bei ersten Symptomen) 	2a	C	+

In klinischen Studien wurden Patienten mit unterschiedlichen Tumorentitäten eingeschlossen!

Recommendations and Clinical Practice Guidelines:

1. Loblaw DA, Mitera G, Ford M et al. A 2011 Updated Systematic Review and Clinical Practice Guideline for the Management of Malignant Extradural Spinal Cord Compression. *Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys.* 2012;84(2):312-7. doi: 10.1016/j.ijrobp.2012.01.014.
2. Souchon R, Feyer P, Thomssen C et al. Clinical recommendations of DEGRO and AGO on preferred standard palliative radiotherapy (RT) of bone and cerebral metastases, metastatic spinal cord compression, and leptomeningeal carcinomatosis in breast cancer. *Breast Care* 5:401-7, 2010
3. Souchon R, Wenz F, Sedlmayer F et al. DEGRO practice guidelines for palliative radiotherapy of metastatic breast cancer: Bone metastases and metastatic spinal cord compression (MSCC). *Strahlenther Onkol* 185:417-424, 2009
4. Groenen KHJ, van der Linden YM, Brouwer T et al. The Dutch national guideline on metastases and hematological malignancies localized within the spine; a multidisciplinary collaboration towards timely and proactive management. *Cancer Treat Rev* 2018;69:29-38. doi: 10.1016/j.ctrv.2018.05.013.
5. Guideline Program Oncology (Deutsche Krebsgesellschaft, Deutsche Krebshilfe, AWMF): Supportive care of oncological patients – Version 1.3 – 2020 AWMF-Register Nr.: 032/054OL. https://www.leitlinienprogramm-onkologie.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Downloads/Leitlinien/Supportivtherapie/LL_Supportiv_Langversion_1.3.pdf

Reviews:

1. Loblaw A, George KJ, Misra V. Surgical and Radiotherapeutic Management of Malignant Extradural Spinal Cord Compression. Clin Oncol (R Coll Radiol) 2020;32(11):745-752. doi: 10.1016/j.clon.2020.07.022.

Operative therapy:

1. Patchell RA, Tibbs PA, Regine WF et al. Direct decompressive surgical resection in the treatment of spinal cord compression caused by metastatic cancer: a randomised trial. Lancet 2005 Aug 20-26;366(9486):643-8, doi: 10.1016/S0140-6736(05)66954-1.
2. Yang XG, Lun DX, Hu YC et al. Prognostic effect of factors involved in revised Tokuhashi score system for patients with spinal metastases: a systematic review and Meta-analysis. BMC Cancer 2018;18(1):1248. doi: 10.1186/s12885-018-5139-2.
3. Alpantaki K, Ioannidis A, Raptis K et al. Surgery for spinal metastatic tumors: Prognostication systems in clinical practice (Review). Mol Clin Oncol. 2020;12(5):399-402, doi: 10.3892/mco.2020.2008

Radiation therapy: Randomized studies:

1. Hoskin PJ, Hopkins K, Misra V et al. Effect of Single-Fraction vs Multifraction Radiotherapy on Ambulatory Status Among Patients With Spinal Canal Compression From Metastatic Cancer: The SCORAD Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA 2019;322(21):2084-2094, doi: 10.1001/jama.2019.17913.
2. Rades D, Segedin B, Conde-Moreno AJ et al. Radiotherapy With 4 Gy x 5 Versus 3 Gy x 10 for Metastatic Epidural Spinal Cord Compression: Final Results of the SCORE-2 Trial (ARO 2009/01)
3. Thirion PG, Dunne MT, Kelly PJ et al. Non-inferiority randomised phase 3 trial comparing two radiation schedules (single vs. five fractions) in malignant spinal cord compression. Br J Cancer. 2020;122(9):1315-1323. doi: 10.1038/s41416-020-0768-z
4. Maranzano E, Bellavita R, Rossi R et al. Short-Course Versus Split-Course Radiotherapy in Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression: Results of a Phase III, Randomized, Multicenter Trial. J Clin Oncol. 2005;23(15):3358-65. doi: 10.1200/JCO.2005.08.193.
5. Maranzano E, Trippa F, Casale M et al. 8Gy single-dose radiotherapy is effective in metastatic spinal cord compression: results of a phase III randomized multicentre Italian trial. Radiother Oncol. 2009;93(2):174-9, doi: 10.1016/j.radonc.2009.05.012.

Radiation therapy: Non-randomized studies:

1. Rades D, Cacicedo J, Conde-Moreno AJ et al. Precision Radiation Therapy for Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression: Final Results of the PRE-MODE Trial. *Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys* 2020;106(4):780-789. doi: 10.1016/j.ijrobp.2019.11.401.
2. Rades D, Conde-Moreno AJ, Cacicedo J et al. 1x8 Gy versus 5x4 Gy for metastatic epidural spinal cord compression: a matched-pair study of three prognostic patient subgroups. *Radiat Oncol* 2018;13(1):21. doi: 10.1186/s13014-018-0968-3.
3. Rades D, Lange M, Veninga T et al. Final results of a prospective study comparing the local control of short-course and long-course radiotherapy for metastatic spinal cord compression. *Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys* 2011;79(2):524-30
4. Rades D, Karstens JH, Hoskin PJ, et al. Escalation of radiation dose beyond 30 Gy in 10 fractions for metastatic spinal cord compression. *Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys* 67:525-31, 2007
5. Rades D, Heidenreich E, Karstens JH. Final results of a prospective study of the prognostic value of the time to develop motor deficits before irradiation in metastatic spinal cord compression. *Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys* 53:975-9, 2002

Steroids: Systematic review:

1. Kumar A, Weber MH, Gokaslan Z et al. Metastatic Spinal Cord Compression and Steroid Treatment A Systematic Review. *Clin Spine Surg.* 2017;30(4):156-163. doi: 10.1097/BSD.0000000000000528.



Knochenmetastasen: Operationstechniken

Wirbelsäule und Extremitäten

Oxford LoE: 3b

GR: C

AGO: +

- Marknagelung
- Plattenosteosynthesen
- Verbundosteosynthesen (Osteosynthese und Einbringen von PMMA)
- Wirbelkörperersatz durch Titanspacer
- Tumorendoprothesen
- Vertebroplastie / Kyphoplastie +/- Thermoablation des Tumors
- Kypho-IORT* (nur in Studien)
- Resektion einzelner Knochenmetastasen in der oligometastatischen Situation (Sternum, Rippen, Wirbelkörper)

*Studienteilnahme empfohlen

1. Ju DG, Yurter A, Gokaslan ZL et al. Diagnosis and surgical management of breast cancer metastatic to the spine. World J Clin Oncol 10;5(3):263-71, 2014
2. Wood TJ, Racano A, Yeung H et al. Surgical management of bone metastases: quality of evidence and systematic review. Ann Surg Oncol 21(13):4081-9, 2014
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4. Fourny DR, Gokaslan ZL: Thoracolumbar spine: surgical treatment of metastatic disease. Curr Opin Orthop 14 (3): 144–152, 2013
5. Fourny DR, Schomer DF, Nader R et al: Percutaneous and kyphoplasty for painful vertebral body fractures in cancer patients. J Neurosurg 98 (Suppl): 21–30, 2003
6. Walker MP, Yaszemski MJ, Kim CW et al. Metastatic disease of the spine. Evaluation and treatment. Clin Orthop Rel Res (415S) (Suppl): 165–175, 2003
7. Berenson J1, Pflugmacher R, Jarzem P et al. Cancer Patient Fracture Evaluation (CAFE) Investigators. Balloon kyphoplasty versus non-surgical fracture management for treatment of painful vertebral body compression fractures in patients with cancer: a multicentre, randomised controlled trial. Lancet Oncol 12(3):225-35, 2011
8. Guideline Program Oncology (Deutsche Krebsgesellschaft, Deutsche Krebshilfe, AWMF): Supportive care of oncological patients –

Version 1.3 – 2020 AWMF-Register Nr.: 032/054OL. https://www.leitlinienprogramm-onkologie.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Downloads/Leitlinien/Supportivtherapie/LL_Supportiv_Langversion_1.3.pdf



Knochenmetastasen: Strahlentherapie

Knochenmetastasen

- Mit Frakturrisiko
- Mit Funktionseinschränkung
- Mit Schmerzen
- einmalige RT = fraktionierte RT
- Mit neuropathischem Schmerz
- Asymptomatische isolierte Metastasen
- Reduktion der Strahlentherapie induzierten Schmerzzunahme mit Dexamethason
- Strahlentherapie mit Hyperthermie

Nur wenige Studien mit Mammarkarzinompatientinnen!

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
Mit Frakturrisiko	1a	B	++
Mit Funktionseinschränkung	1a	B	++
Mit Schmerzen	1a	B	++
einmalige RT = fraktionierte RT	2a	B	++
Mit neuropathischem Schmerz	1b	B	++
Asymptomatische isolierte Metastasen	5	D	+/-
Reduktion der Strahlentherapie induzierten Schmerzzunahme mit Dexamethason	1b	B	+
Strahlentherapie mit Hyperthermie	2b	B	+/-

1. Souchon R, Feyer P, Thomssen C et al. Clinical recommendations of DEGRO and AGO on preferred standard palliative radiotherapy (RT) of bone and cerebral metastases, metastatic spinal cord compression, and leptomeningeal carcinomatosis in breast cancer. *Breast Care* 5:401-7, 2010
2. Souchon R, Wenz F, Sedlmayer F, Budach W et al. DEGRO practice guidelines for palliative radiotherapy of metastatic breast cancer: Bone metastases and metastatic spinal cord compression (MSCC). *Strahlenther Onkol* 185:417-424, 2009
3. Hartsell WF, Scott CB, Bruner DW et al. Randomized trial of short- versus long-course radiotherapy for palliation of painful bone metastases. *J Natl Cancer Inst.* 2005;97(11):798-804. doi: 10.1093/jnci/dji139.
4. McDonald R, Ding K, Brundage M et al. Effect of Radiotherapy on Painful Bone Metastases: A Secondary Analysis of the NCIC Clinical Trials Group Symptom Control Trial SC.23. *JAMA Oncol* 3(7):953-959, 2017
5. Lutz S, Balboni T, Jones J et al. Palliative radiation therapy for bone metastases: Update of an ASTRO Evidence-Based Guideline. *Pract Radiat Oncol.* 2017;7(1):4-12. doi: 10.1016/j.prro.2016.08.001
6. McQuay HJ, Collins SL, Carroll D et al. Radiotherapy for the palliation of painful bone metastases. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2000;2:CD001793
7. Chow R, Hoskin P, Hollenberg D et al. Efficacy of single fraction conventional radiation therapy for painful uncomplicated bone metastases: a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Ann Palliat Med.* 2017;6(2):125-142. doi: 10.21037/apm.2016.12.04.
8. Chow E, Meyer RM, Ding K et al. Dexamethasone in the prophylaxis of radiation-induced pain flare after palliative radiotherapy

for bone metastases: a double-blind, randomised placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial. *Lancet Oncol* 16(15):1463-72, 2015

9. Chi MS, Yang KL, Chang YC et al. Comparing the Effectiveness of Combined External Beam Radiation and Hyperthermia Versus External Beam Radiation Alone in Treating Patients With Painful Bony Metastases: A Phase 3 Prospective, Randomized, Controlled Trial. *Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys* 100(1):78-87, 2018
10. Guideline Program Oncology (Deutsche Krebsgesellschaft, Deutsche Krebshilfe, AWMF): Supportive care of oncological patients – Version 1.3 – 2020 AWMF-Register Nr.: 032/054OL. https://www.leitlinienprogramm-onkologie.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Downloads/Leitlinien/Supportivtherapie/LL_Supportiv_Langversion_1.3.pdf
11. Pin Y, Paix A, Le Fevre C et al. A systematic review of palliative bone radiotherapy based on pain relief and retreatment rates. *Crit Rev Oncol Hematol*. 2018;123:132-137. doi: 10.1016/j.critrevonc.2018.01.006.

Knochenmetastasen: Schmerztherapie nach Vorbestrahlung

Rekurrenter Knochenschmerz in vorbestrahlten Arealen des Skeletts

- Einmalige RT *
- Fraktionierte RT *
- Radionuklidtherapie
- MR-gesteuerter hochfokussierter Ultraschall
- Radiofrequenzablation
- Kryoablation

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
Einmalige RT *	3b	C	++
Fraktionierte RT *	3b	C	++
Radionuklidtherapie	3b	C	+
MR-gesteuerter hochfokussierter Ultraschall	1b	B	+
Radiofrequenzablation	4	C	+
Kryoablation	4	C	+

* Dosis und Fraktionierung hängt von der Lokalisation, vom Intervall zur letzten Strahlentherapie sowie von Dosis und Fraktionierung der ersten Strahlentherapie ab.

Recurrent bone pain in pre-irradiated parts of the skeleton

1. Souchon R, Wenz F, Sedlmayer F et al. DEGRO practice guidelines for palliative radiotherapy of metastatic breast cancer: Bone metastases and metastatic spinal cord compression (MSCC). *Strahlenther Onkol* 185:417-424, 2009
2. Souchon R, Feyer P, Thomssen C et al. Clinical recommendations of DEGRO and AGO on preferred standard palliative radiotherapy (RT) of bone and cerebral metastases, metastatic spinal cord compression, and leptomeningeal carcinomatosis in breast cancer. *Breast Care* 5:401-7, 2010
3. Guideline Program Oncology (Deutsche Krebsgesellschaft, Deutsche Krebshilfe, AWMF): Supportive care of oncological patients – Version 1.3 – 2020 AWMF-Register Nr.: 032/054OL. https://www.leitlinienprogramm-onkologie.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Downloads/Leitlinien/Supportivtherapie/LL_Supportiv_Langversion_1.3.pdf
4. Chow E, Meyer RM, Chen BE et al. Impact of reirradiation of painful osseous metastases on quality of life and function: a secondary analysis of the NCIC CTG SC.20 randomized trial. *J Clin Oncol*. 2014;32(34):3867-73. doi: 10.1200/JCO.2014.57.6264.

Magnetic resonance-guided focused ultrasound

1. Hurwitz MD, Ghanouni P, Kanaev SV, et al. Magnetic resonance-guided focused ultrasound for patients with painful bone metastases: phase III trial results. *J Natl Cancer Inst* 2014; 106.

Cryoablation / Radiofrequency ablation

1. Dechamps F, Farouil G, Ternes N et al.: Thermal ablation techniques: a curative treatment of_bone_metastases_in selected patients? Eur Radiol 24(8):1971-80, 2014
2. Hegg RM, Kurup AN, Schmit GD et al.: Cryoablation_of sternal_metastases_for pain palliation and local tumor control. J Vasc Interv Radiol 25(11):1665-70, 2014
3. De Marini P, Cazzato RL, Auloge P et al. Percutaneous image-guided thermal ablation of bone metastases: a retrospective propensity study comparing the safety profile of radio-frequency ablation and cryo-ablation. Int J Hyperthermia 2020;37(1):1386-1394. doi: 10.1080/02656736.2020.1859628.



Nebenwirkungen und Toxizitäten von Bisphosphonaten (BP) und Denosumab (Dmab)

	LoE
▪ Nierenfunktionsstörungen durch i.v. Amino-BP	1b
▪ Kieferosteonekrose (ONJ) typisch unter i.v. BPs und Dmab (1,4 – 2,8% / 1,3 – 3,2%)	1b
▪ Assoziation mit (parallelem) Einsatz von antiangiogenetischen Therapien	1b
▪ Ausgeprägte Fälle mit Hypokalzämie (Dmab > BP)	1b
▪ Akut-Phase-Reaktion (i.v. Amino-BPs und Dmab) 10–30 %	1b
▪ Gastrointestinale Nebenwirkungen (orale BPs) 2–10 %	1b
▪ Atypische Femurfrakturen (absolutes Risiko: 11/10.000 Personenjahre mit BP-Einnahme)	2b
▪ Sehr selten: Uveitis / Scleritis bei Behandlung mit BPs	4

Bisphosphonates

- Schilcher, J., V. Koeppen, P. Aspenberg et al. Risk of atypical femoral fracture during and after bisphosphonate use. Acta Orthop 100-107, 2015
- Body JJ. Breast Cancer: Bisphosphonate therapy for metastatic bone disease. Clin Cancer Res. 2006; 12(20 Suppl):6258s-6263s.
- Coleman RE. Risks and benefits of bisphosphonates. Br J Cancer 98(11):1736-40., 2008
- Dunstan CR, Felsenberg D, Seibel MJ. Therapy insight: the risks and benefits of bisphosphonates for the treatment of tumor-induced bone disease. Nat Clin Pract Oncol 4(1):42-55, 2007
- Tralongo, P, Repetto, L, Di Mari, A, et al. Safety of long-term administration of bisphosphonates in elderly cancer patients. Oncology 67:11216, 2004
- Chang, JT, Green, L, Beitz, J. Renal failure with the use of zoledronic acid. N Engl J Med 349(17):1676-9, 2003
- Hillner BE, Ingle JN, Chlebowski RT et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology: American Society of Clinical Oncology 2003 update on the role of bisphosphonates and bone health issues in women with breast cancer. J Clin Oncol 21(21):4042-57, 2003
- Aapro M, Abrahamsson PA, Body JJ et al. Guidance on the use of bisphosphonates in solid tumours: recommendations of an international expert panel. Ann Oncol 19(3):420-32, 2008
- Clark EM, Durup D: Inflammatory eye reactions with bisphosphonates and other osteoporosis medications: What are the risks? Ther Adv Musculoskelet Dis 7:11-16, 2015.

Denosumab

1. Stopeck AT et al. Denosumab Compared With Zoledronic Acid for the Treatment of Bone Metastases in Patients With Advanced Breast Cancer: A Randomized, Double-Blind Study, *J Clin Oncol* 28:5132-5139, 2010
2. Taylor KH, Middlefell LS, and Mizen KD, "Osteonecrosis of the Jaws Induced by Anti-RANK Ligand Therapy," *Br J Oral Maxillofac Surg* 48(3):221-3, 2010

Sequential therapy

Srivastava et al., Prevalence of medication related osteonecrosis of the jaw in patients treated with sequential antiresorptive drugs: systematic review and meta-analysis. *Support Care Cancer*. 2020 Nov 15. doi: 10.1007/s00520-020-05882-3. Online ahead of print.

**Häufige Nebenwirkungen unter
Behandlung mit Bisphosphonaten / Denosumab**

Drug	Akut-Phase-Reaktion	Nieren tox.	Obere GI-NW	Diarrhoe	ONJ	
Clodronat 1500 i.v.	0	+	0	0	0	Non-Amino.
Clodronat 1600 p.o.	0	0	+	+	0	Non-Amino.
Ibandronat 50 mg p.o.	0	0	+	0	0	Aminobisph.
Ibandronat 6 mg i.v.	+	0	0	0	+	Aminobisph.
Zoledronat 4 mg i.v. (ohne oder v12d)	+	+	0	0	+	Aminobisph.
Pamidronat 90 mg i.v.	+	+	0	0	+	Aminobisph.
Zoledronat 4 mg i.v. q6m	+	0	0	0	0	Aminobisph.
Denosumab 120 mg sc q4w	+	0	0	+	+	

Cave: Hypokalzämie unter antiresorptiver Therapie bei ossären Metastasen!

Bisphosphonates

1. Schilcher, J., V. Koeppen, P. Aspenberg et al. Risk of atypical femoral fracture during and after bisphosphonate use. Acta Orthop 100-107, 2015
2. Body JJ. Breast Cancer: Bisphosphonate therapy for metastatic bone disease. Clin Cancer Res. 2006; 12(20 Suppl):6258s-6263s.
3. Coleman RE. Risks and benefits of bisphosphonates. Br J Cancer 98(11):1736-40., 2008
4. Dunstan CR, Felsenberg D, Seibel MJ. Therapy insight: the risks and benefits of bisphosphonates for the treatment of tumor-induced bone disease. Nat Clin Pract Oncol 4(1):42-55, 2007
5. Tralongo, P, Repetto, L, Di Mari, A, et al. Safety of long-term administration of bisphosphonates in elderly cancer patients. Oncology 67:11216, 2004
6. Chang, JT, Green, L, Beitz, J. Renal failure with the use of zoledronic acid. N Engl J Med 349(17):1676-9, 2003
7. Hillner BE, Ingle JN, Chlebowski RT et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology: American Society of Clinical Oncology 2003 update on the role of bisphosphonates and bone health issues in women with breast cancer. J Clin Oncol 21(21):4042-57, 2003
8. Aapro M, Abrahamsson PA, Body JJ et al. Guidance on the use of bisphosphonates in solid tumours: recommendations of an international expert panel. Ann Oncol 19(3):420-32, 2008
9. Clark EM, Durup D: Inflammatory eye reactions with bisphosphonates and other osteoporosis medications: What are the risks? Ther Adv Musculoskelet Dis 7:11-16, 2015

Denosumab

1. Stopeck AT et al. Denosumab Compared With Zoledronic Acid for the Treatment of Bone Metastases in Patients With Advanced Breast Cancer: A Randomized, Double-Blind Study, J Clin Oncol 28:5132-5139, 2010
2. Taylor KH, Middlefell LS, and Mizen KD, "Osteonecrosis of the Jaws Induced by Anti-RANK Ligand Therapy," Br J Oral Maxillofac Surg 48(3):221-3, 2010



Empfehlungen für die Prävention von Kieferosteonekrosen (ONJ)

Oxford LoE: 2a

GR: A

AGO: ++

- Unter Bisphosphonat- bzw. Denosumabtherapie Vermeidung elektiver Zahnbehandlungen mit Manipulationen am Kieferknochen. Falls unvermeidbar wird der prophylaktische Einsatz von Antibiotika empfohlen (LoE 2a, Empfehlungsgrad A)
- Zahnsanierung vor einer Bisphosphonat- bzw. Denosumabtherapie, falls möglich (LoE 2a, Empfehlungsgrad A)
- Information der Patientinnen über ONJ-Risiko und Instruieren über Frühsymptome
- Bei hohem ONJ-Risiko Anwendung oraler Bisphosphonate
- Gute Zahnhygiene, nur mäßiger Alkoholkonsum sowie Nikotinverzicht
- Unter adjuvanter Bisphosphonattherapie ist das Risiko für ONJ gering (<1%)

ASORS Evaluation

<https://www.onkosupport.de/asors/content/e4126/e1743/e1861/e1862/e4628/LaufzettelAGIMOFarbefinal.pdf>

1. Izzotti A, Menini M, Pulliero A et al. Bisphosphonates-associated osteonecrosis of the jaw: the role of gene-environment interaction. J Prev Med Hyg 54(3): 138-145, 2013
2. Fehm T, Felsenberg D, Krimmel M et al. Bisphosphonate-associated osteonecrosis of the jaw in breast cancer patients: recommendations for prevention and treatment. Breast 18(4):213-7, 2009
3. Khan AA, Sándor GK, Dore E et al. Canadian Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons. Canadian consensus practice guidelines for bisphosphonate associated osteonecrosis of the jaw. J Rheumatol. 35(7):1391-7, 2008
4. Advisory Task Force on Bisphosphonate-Related Osteonecrosis of the Jaws, American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons. American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons position paper on bisphosphonate-related osteonecrosis of the jaws. J Oral Maxillofac Surg 65(3):369-76, 2007
5. Dhesy-Thind S, Fletcher GG, Blanchette PS et al. Use of Adjuvant Bisphosphonates and Other Bone-Modifying Agents in Breast Cancer: A Cancer Care Ontario and American Society of Clinical Oncology Clinical Practice Guideline. J Clin Oncol 35(18):2062-2081, 2017
6. Guideline Program Oncology (Deutsche Krebsgesellschaft, Deutsche Krebshilfe, AWMF): Supportive care of oncological patients – Version 1.3 – 2020 AWMF-Register Nr.: 032/054OL. https://www.leitlinienprogramm-onkologie.de/fileadmin/user_upload/Downloads/Leitlinien/Supportivtherapie/LL_Supportiv_Langversion_1.3.pdf
7. Yarom N, Shapiro CL, Peterson DE et al Medication-Related Osteonecrosis of the Jaw: MASCC/ISOO/ASCO Clinical Practice

Guideline. J Clin Oncol. 2019; 37(25):2270-2290. doi: 10.1200/JCO.19.01186.

8. S3-Guideline: Antiresorptiva-assoziierte Kiefernekrose (AR-ONJ) AWMF Register Nr 007 – 091, Stand: 02.12.2018 , gültig bis 01.12.2023; https://www.awmf.org/uploads/tx_szleitlinien/007-091l_S3_Antiresorptiva-assoziierte-Kiefernekrosen-AR-ONJ_2018-12.pdf
9. <https://www.onkosupport.de/asors/content/e4126/e1743/e1861/e1862/e4628/LaufzettelAGSMOFarbefinal.pdf>

Adjuvante osteoprotektive Therapie zur Verbesserung der Prognose

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Clodronate (oral) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Postmenopausale Patientinnen ▪ Prämenopausale Patientinnen 	1a	A	+
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Aminobisphosphonate (i.v. oder oral) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Postmenopausale Patientinnen ▪ Prämenopausale Patientinnen 	1a	A	+
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Denosumab (6 x 120 mg/3-4w + 14 x 120 mg/3m) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Postmenopausale Patientinnen Stadium II und III 	1b	B	-
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Denosumab (60 mg s.c. q6m) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Postmenopausale Patientinnen unter AI-Therapie 	1b	B	+/-

Clodronate

1. Ben-Aharon I, Vidal L, Rizel S et al. Bisphosphonates in the adjuvant setting of breast cancer therapy--effect on survival: a systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS One. 2013 Aug 26;8(8):e70044. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0070044. eCollection 2013. Review.
2. Winter MC, Coleman RE. Bisphosphonates in the adjuvant treatment of breast cancer: an Overview. Clin Oncol 25:135-45, 2013
3. Zhu J, Zheng Y, Zhou Z. Oral adjuvant clodronate therapy could improve overall survival in early breast cancer. Results from an updated systematic review and meta-analysis. Eur J Cancer 49:2086-92, 2013
4. Diel IJ, Jaschke A, Solomayer EF et al. Adjuvant oral clodronate improves the overall survival of primary breast cancer patients with micrometastases to the bone marrow—a long-term follow-up. Ann Oncol 19: 2007-2011, 2008
5. Powles TJ, McCloskey E, Paterson AH et al. Oral clodronate and reduction in loss of bone mineral density in women with operable breast cancer. J Natl Cancer Inst 90:704-8, 1998
6. Saarto T, Vehmanen L, Virkkunen P et al. Ten-year follow-up of a randomized controlled trial of adjuvant clodronate treatment in node-positive breast cancer patients. Acta Oncol 43(7):650-656, 2004
7. O'Carrigan B, Wong MH, Willson ML et al. Bisphosphonates and other bone agents for breast cancer. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2017 Oct 30;10:CD003474. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD003474.pub4.

Adjuvant Aminobisphosphonates

1. Ben-Aharon I, Vidal L, Rizel S et al. Bisphosphonates in the adjuvant setting of breast cancer therapy--effect on survival: a systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS One. 2013 Aug 26;8(8):e70044. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0070044. eCollection 2013. Review.
2. Winter MC, Coleman RE. Bisphosphonates in the adjuvant treatment of breast cancer: an Overview. Clin Oncol 25:135-45, 2013
3. Valachis A, Polyzos NP, Coleman RE et al. Adjuvant therapy with zoledronic acid in patients with breast cancer. A systematic review and meta-analysis. The Oncologist 18:353-61, 2013
4. Coleman RE, Thorpe HC, Cameron D et al. Adjuvant Treatment with Zoledronic Acid in Stage II/III Breast Cancer. The AZURE Trial (BIG 01/04). 33. SABCS 2010, S4-5.
5. Brufsky AM, Bosserman LD, Caradonna RR et al. Zoledronic acid effectively prevents aromatase inhibitor-associated bone loss in postmenopausal women with early breast cancer receiving adjuvant letrozole: Z-FAST study 36-month follow-up results. Clin Breast Cancer 9(2):77-85, 2009
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7. Hadji P, Coleman RE, Wilson C et al. Adjuvant bisphosphonates in early breast cancer: Consensus guidance for clinical practice from a European Panel. Ann Oncol. 2015 Dec 17. pii: mdv617.
8. Early Breast Cancer Trialists' Collaborative Group (EBCTCG) et al. Adjuvant bisphosphonate treatment in early breast cancer: meta-analyses of individual patient data from randomised trials. Lancet 3;386(10001):1353-61, 2015
9. O'Carrigan B, Wong MH, Willson ML et al. Bisphosphonates and other bone agents for breast cancer. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2017 Oct 30;10:CD003474. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD003474.pub4.

Denosumab

1. Gnant M, Pfeiler G, Steger GG, Austrian Breast and Colorectal Cancer Study Group. Adjuvant denosumab in postmenopausal patients with hormone receptor-positive breast cancer (ABCSG-18): disease-free survival results from a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol. 2019 Mar;20(3):339-351.
2. Coleman R, Finkelstein DM, Barrios C et al. Adjuvant denosumab in early breast cancer (D-CARE): an international, multicentre, randomised, controlled, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol. 2020 21(1):60-72.

Guidelines

1. Dhesy-Third S, Fletcher GG, Blanchette PS et al. Use of Adjuvant Bisphosphonates and Other Bone-Modifying Agents in Breast

Cancer: A Cancer Care Ontario and American Society of Clinical Oncology Clinical Practice Guideline. J Clin Oncol 35(18):2062-2081, 2017

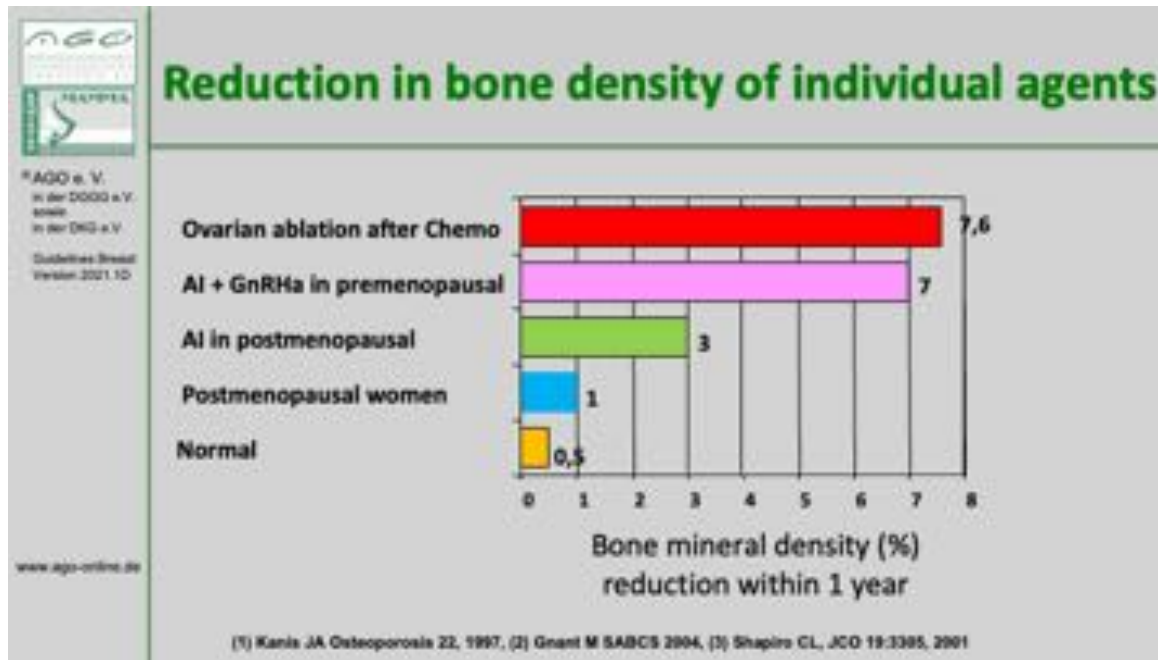


Dosierung adjuvanter Bisphosphonate zur Verbesserung des Überlebens

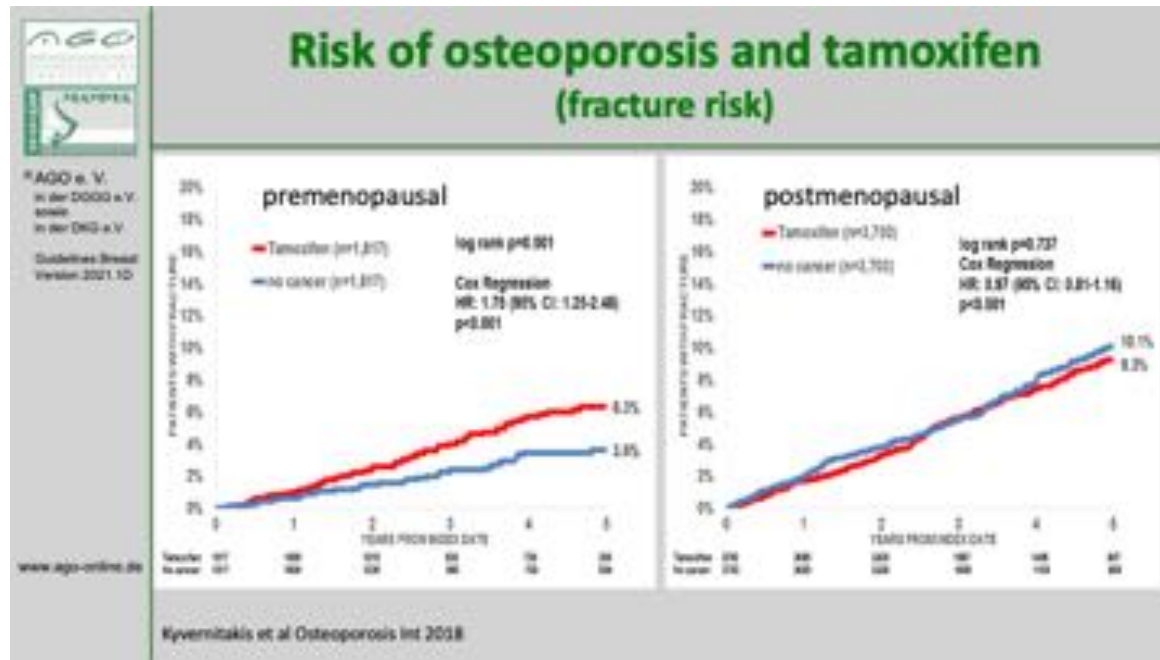
- **Nicht-Aminobisphosphonate:**
 - Clodronat p.o. 1600 mg/d (Bonelos / Clodronsäure)
 - Clodronat p.o. 1040 mg/d (Ostac)
- **Aminobisphosphonate:**
 - Zoledronat i.v. 4 mg/6 m (Zometa / Zoledronsäure)
 - Ibandronat p.o. 50 mg/d (Bondronat / Ibandronsäure)
 - Pamidronat p.o. (in oraler Form in Deutschland nicht verfügbar)
 - Risedronat p.o. 35 mg/w (Actonel / Risedronsäure)
 - Alendronat p.o. 70 mg/w (Fosamax / Alendronsäure)
 - Optimale Dauer der adjuvanten BP-Gabe muss noch definiert werden (in den Studien Dauer der BP: 2–5 Jahre)

Zu den Aminobisphosphonaten gehören:
Zoledronsäure (65 %), orales Ibandronat (24%), orales Pamidronat (8%),
orales Risedronat (2%), orales Alendronat (1%) (Daten aus der EBCTCG-Metaanalyse)

1. Coleman R, Hadji P, Body JJ et al. Bone health in cancer: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines. Ann Oncol 2020; 31(12):1650-1663. doi: 10.1016/j.annonc.2020.07.019.
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	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
• Bisphosphonate			
• Therapie	1b	B	++
• Prävention (2–5 J.)	1b	A	+
• nach Absetzen von Denosumab (zeitlich begrenzt)	3c	C	+
• Denosumab			
• Therapie	1b	B	++
• Prävention (bis max. 3 J.)	1b	A	+/-
• HRT	5	D	-
• Klinisches Assessment des Osteoporoserisikos vor Therapie nach DVD S3 - Leitlinie			++
• DXA-Scan vor endokriner Therapie und/oder bei vorzeitiger Menopause	5	D	+
• Antiresorptive Therapie entsprechend DVD S3-Leitlinie			++
• Risikoadaptierte Kontrolle der Knochendichte im Verlauf (DXA-Scan)	5	D	+

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Weitere Empfehlungen (in Analogie zur DVO-Leitlinie zur Prophylaxe, Diagnostik und Therapie der Osteoporose)*

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
▪ Sportl. / körperl. Aktivität	4	C	++
▪ Vermeidung von Immobilisation	4	C	++
▪ Kalzium (1.000–1.500 mg/d)**	4	C	++
▪ Vit. D3 (800–2.000 U/d oder 20.000 U/w)	4	C	++
▪ Nikotinverzicht, nur mäßiger Alkoholkonsum	2b	B	++
▪ Vermeidung eines BMI < 20 kg/m ²	3b	C	++
▪ Bisphosphonate nach Beendigung einer Denosumabtherapie (zeitlich begrenzt)	3c	C	+
▪ Substanzen, die zur Therapie einer Osteoporose zugelassen sind (s. folgende Vorlage)			

* <http://www.de-osteologie.org/osteoporose-leitlinien>

** bei eingeschränkter Aufnahme über die Nahrung (Gabe nur in Verbindung mit Vitamin D3)

1. Coleman R, Hadji P, Body JJ et al. Bone health in cancer: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines. Ann Oncol 2020; 31(12):1650-1663. doi: 10.1016/j.annonc.2020.07.019
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4. Chapurlat R. Effects and Management of Denosumab Discontinuation. Joint Bone Spine. 2018 Jan 6. pii: S1297-319X(18)30001-0. doi: 10.1016/j.jbspin.2017.12.013
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Effect of Denosumab Discontinuation

FREEDOM / FREEDOM Extension Trial

N=1001, ≥ 2 dose of Denosumab or placebo, follow up ≤ 7 months after discontinuation treatment

Vertebral fracture rate per 100 participant year:

- 1.2 during denosumab therapy
- 7.1 after denosumab therapy
- 8.5 placebo

Non vertebral fracture rate per 100 participant year:

- 2.8 after denosumab vs. 3.8 placebo (n.s.)

Multiple vertebral fracture (% of all vertebral fractures):

- 60.7% after denosumab therapy vs. 38.7% placebo; p=0.049

Cummings SR et al. J Bone Miner Res. 2017

1. Cummings SR, Ferrari S, Eastell R et al. Vertebral Fractures After Discontinuation of Denosumab: A Post Hoc Analysis of the Randomized Placebo-Controlled FREEDOM Trial and Its Extension. J Bone Miner Res. 2018 Feb;33(2):190-198.



Medikamentöse Therapie der Osteoporose

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
• Alendronat 70 mg p.o./w*	1b	B	++
• Denosumab 60 mg s.c./6m*	1b	B	++
• Ibandronat 150 mg p.o./m*	1b	B	++
• Ibandronat 3 mg i.v./3 m	1b	B	++
• Parathormon (1-84) 100 µg s.c./d	1b	B	+
• Raloxifen 60 mg p.o./d (nur Wirbelsäule)	1b	B	+/-
• Risedronat 35 mg p.o./w*	1b	B	++
• Strontiumrenelat 2 g p.o./d**	1b	B	+
• Teriparatid (1-34) 20 µg s.c./d	1b	B	+
• Zoledronat 5 mg i.v./12 m*	1b	B	++

* Wurde bei MaCa-Patientinnen mit Tumorthherapie assoziierter Osteoporose getestet

** Erhöhtes Risiko für Myokardinfarkte; nur bei postmenopausalen Patientinnen mit schwerer Osteoporose und hohem Frakturrisiko

1. German guidelines for the treatment of osteoporosis by the DVO: AWMF-Register-Nr.: 183/001; https://www.dv-osteologie.org/uploads/Leitlinie%202017/Finale%20Version%20Leitlinie%20Osteoporose%202017_end.pdf
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Raloxifen

1. Seeman E, Crans GG, Diez-Perez A. Anti-vertebral fracture efficacy of raloxifene: a meta-analysis. Osteoporos Int 17(2):313, 2006

Strontium renelate

1. Kaufman JM, Audran M, Bianchi G et al. Efficacy and safety of strontium ranelate in the treatment of osteoporosis in men. J Clin Endocrinol Metab 98(2): 592-601, 2013
2. Reginster, J. Y. Cardiac concerns associated with strontium ranelate. Expert Opin Drug Safe 13(9): 1209-1213, 2014

TABELLE 4.3: INDIKATION FÜR EINE MEDIKAMENTÖSE OSTEOPOROSE THERAPIE NACH RISIKOPROFIL in Abhängigkeit von Geschlecht, Lebensalter, DXA-Knochenstärke und weiteren Risikofaktoren.¹

Lebensalter in Jahren		T Score (Nur anwendbar auf DXA-Messung. Die Wirksamkeit einer medikamentösen Therapie bei peripheren Frakturen bei einem T-Score > -3,0 nicht sicher belegt.)				
Frau	Mann ²	-1,0 bis -2,5	-2,5 bis -3,0	-3,0 bis -3,5	-3,5 bis -4,0	< -4,0
50-60	60-70	Nein	Nein	Nein	Nein	Ja
60-65	70-75	Nein	Nein	Nein	Ja	Ja
65-70	75-80	Nein	Nein	Ja	Ja	Ja
70-75	80-85	Nein	Ja	Ja	Ja	Ja
>75	>85	Ja	Ja	Ja	Ja	Ja

¹ Alternative Risikomodifikationen können bei Bedarf eingehend zu Rate gezogen werden (siehe Longviewing).
² Bei Verwendung eines alternativen Risikomodifikators für die T-Scores.

Therapieindikation auch schon bei um 1,0 höherem T-Score >+1, wenn:

- Glukokortikoide oral $\geq 2,5$ mg und $< 7,5$ mg Prednisolonäquivalent tgl. (außer bei rheumatoider Arthritis $< 0,5$)
- Diabetes mellitus Typ 1
- ≥ 3 niedrigtraumatische Frakturen in den letzten 10 Jahren im Einzelfall (mit Ausnahme von Finger-, Zehen-, Schädel- und Knochenfrakturen)

mit freundlicher Genehmigung des DVO-Vorstands

1. German guidelines for the treatment of osteoporosis by the DVO: AWMF-Register-Nr.: 183/001; https://www.dv-osteologie.org/uploads/Leitlinie%202017/Finale%20Version%20Leitlinie%20Osteoporose%202017_end.pdf
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