

Diagnosis and Treatment of Patients with early and advanced Breast Cancer



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Adjuvant Cytotoxic and Targeted Therapy

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- **Versions 2002 – 2021:**

**Albert / Dall / Fehm / Harbeck / Jackisch / Janni / Kümmel / Loibl / Lux /
von Minckwitz / Möbus / Müller / Nitz / Schmidt / Schneeweiss / Simon /
Schütz / Solomayer / Stickeler / Thill / Thomssen / Untch**

- **Version 2022:**

Fasching / Rody

Strategies for Differentiated Systemic Treatment in the Curative Situation

AGO

If chemotherapy is indicated systemic treatment before surgery (neoadjuvant) should be preferred; study participation recommended

„Low absolute risk implies low absolute benefit“

- | | |
|--|----|
| ▪ HR+ / HER2- and „low-risk“ | |
| ▪ Endocrine therapy without chemotherapy | ++ |
| ▪ HR+ / HER2- and „high-risk“ | |
| ▪ Conventionally dosed AT-based chemotherapy (q3w) | + |
| ▪ Dose dense chemotherapy (including weekly schedule) | ++ |
| ▪ Followed by endocrine endocrine-based therapy | ++ |
| ▪ Triple-negative (TNBC) | |
| ▪ Conventional dosed AT-based chemotherapy (q3w) | + |
| ▪ Sequential AT-based chemotherapy (incl. weekly schedule) | ++ |
| ▪ Neoadjuvant Neo-/adjuvant platinum-containing chemotherapy | + |
| ▪ Neoadjuvant platinum-containing chemotherapy with ICPI (Pembrolizumab) | + |
| ▪ HER2 negative, gBRCA1/2mut (ER pos. and TNBC respectively ¹) | |
| ▪ Olaparib postneoadjuvant | ++ |
| ▪ HER2+ | |
| ▪ Trastuzumab (plus Pertuzumab in N+ or NACT) | ++ |
| ▪ Sequential AT-based chemotherapy with concurrent T + anti-HER2 therapy | + |
| ▪ Anthracycline-free, chemotherapy + anti-HER2 therapy | ++ |

¹ According to approval or study population (if not approved)

Adjuvant Chemotherapy: TNBC

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■ Indication for chemotherapy in node-negative disease

- > 10 mm
- > 5–10 mm
- ≤ 5 mm

Oxford		
LoE	GR	AGO
2b	B	++
2b	B	+
2b	B	-

Adjuvant Chemotherapy without Trastuzumab: Overview

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	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
▪ Dose-dense anthracycline / taxane based (incl. weekly) chemotherapy	1a	A	++
▪ Conventional anthracycline / taxane based (q3w)	1a	A	+
▪ „Tailored“ anthracycline-/ taxane based	1b	B	+/-
▪ If anthracyclines are not a preferred option			
▪ Docetaxel plus cyclophosphamide	1b	B	+
▪ Paclitaxel mono weekly	1b	B	+/-
▪ CMF	1a	A	+/-
▪ Low-dose maintenance chemo	1b	B	-

Gray R et al., Lancet 2019

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Early Breast Cancer Trialists' Cooperative Group (EBCTCG)

Increasing the dose-density of adjuvant chemotherapy: an EBCTCG meta-analysis

Same chemotherapy drugs and doses (**n = 10,004**)

Recurrence-free survival: 10-y Gain 4.3% (95%-C.I. 2.2 – 6.5)

(RR = 0.83; 95%-C.I. 0.76 – 0.91; $p < 0.0001$)

Overall survival: 10-y Gain 2.8% (95%-C.I. 0.8 – 4.8)

(RR = 0.86; 95%-C.I. 0.77 – 0.96; $p = 0.0054$)

ER negative: **10-y Gain 4.7%** (95%-C.I. 2.3 – 7.1)

ER positive: **10-y Gain 3.1%** (95%-C.I. 1.5 – 4.7)

Recommended Dose-dense and / or Dose-escalated, Sequential Adjuvant Chemotherapy

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Dose-dense regimen

- $A_{60} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{175} \times 4 \rightarrow C_{600} \times 4 \text{ q2w}$
- $A_{60}C \text{ q2w} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{175} \text{ q2w} \times 4$
- $E_{90}C \text{ q2w} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{175} \text{ q2w} \times 4$
- $E_{90}C \text{ q2w} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{80} \text{ q1w} \times 12$
- $NabPac_{125} \times 8-12 \rightarrow E_{90}C \text{ q2(3)w} \times 4$

Dose-dense and dose-escalated regimen (N ≥ 4+)

- $E_{150} \rightarrow Pac_{225} \rightarrow C2000 \text{ q2w}$

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
$A_{60} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{175} \times 4 \rightarrow C_{600} \times 4 \text{ q2w}$	1b	A	++
$A_{60}C \text{ q2w} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{175} \text{ q2w} \times 4$	1b	B	++
$E_{90}C \text{ q2w} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{175} \text{ q2w} \times 4$	1b	A	++
$E_{90}C \text{ q2w} \times 4 \rightarrow Pac_{80} \text{ q1w} \times 12$	1b	B	++
$NabPac_{125} \times 8-12 \rightarrow E_{90}C \text{ q2(3)w} \times 4$	1b	B	+
$E_{150} \rightarrow Pac_{225} \rightarrow C2000 \text{ q2w}$	1b	A	++

Recommended Conventional Regimens for Adjuvant Chemotherapy

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		Oxford		
		LoE	GR	AGO
<u>Anthrazyklin-/ taxan-based regimen</u>				
▪	*EC q3w x 4 → Pac q1w x 12	2b	B	++
▪	AC q3w x 4 → Pac q1w x 12	1b	A	++
▪	AC → D qw3	1b	A	+
▪	*EC → D qw3	1b	B	+
▪	DAC	1b	A	+ ^a
<u>Anthrazyklin-free regimen</u>				
▪	6 x DC corresponds to EC → D	1b	B	+
▪	4 x DC >> 4 x AC	1b	B	+
▪	Pac mono	1b	B	+/-
▪	CMF	1a	A	+/-
<u>Taxan-free regimen (if pN0)</u>				
▪	FE ₁₀₀ C x 6	2b ^(a)	B	+

* Extrapolation from doxorubicin trials

Adjuvant Chemotherapy

Other Drugs

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
■ Capecitabine-containing regimen in TNBC*			
■ adjuvant / neoadjuvant	1a	A	+/-
■ postneoadjuvant in non-pCR patients**	1a	A	+
■ Platinum-containing regimen			
■ Anthracycline-free adjuvant therapy in TNBC (combination with taxan)	1b	B	+
■ Anthracycline-based adjuvant therapy in TNBC	5	D	+/-
■ 5- fluorouracile added to EC / AC	1b	A	--

- **Capecitabine-containing regimen in TNBC***

- adjuvant / neoadjuvant
- postneoadjuvant in non-pCR patients**

- **Platinum-containing regimen**

- Anthracycline-free adjuvant therapy in TNBC (combination with taxan)
- Anthracycline-based adjuvant therapy in TNBC

- **5- fluorouracile added to EC / AC**

* DPYD genotyping for the identification of a DPD Deficiency

** No platinum pretreatment

Van Mackelenbergh M et al., SABCS 2019, abstr. GS1-07

Effects of capecitabine as part of neo-/adjuvant chemotherapy

Meta-analysis of individual patient data from 12 randomized trials (n = 15,457)

HR for DFS overall 0.952 (95%-C.I. 0.895-1.012, p = 0.115)

X add. 0.888 (95%-C.I. 0.817-0.965, p = 0.005)

X instead 1.035 (95%-C.I. 0.945-1.134, p = 0.455)

HR for OS overall 0.892 (95%-C.I. 0.824-0.965, p = 0.005)

X add. 0.837 (95%-C.I. 0.751-0.933, p = 0.001)

X instead 0.957 (95%-C.I. 0.853-1.073, p = 0.450)

Significance only for TNBC overall DFS 0.886 (95%-C.I. 0.789-0.994, p = 0.040)

OS 0.828 (95%-C.I. 0.720-0.952, p = 0.008)

X add.: DFS 0.818 (95%-C.I. 0.713-0.938, p = 0.004)

OS 0.778 (95%-C.I. 0.657-0.921, p = 0.004)



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Adjuvant Treatment with Trastuzumab +/- Pertuzumab

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- **Trastuzumab + Pertuzumab**
 - pN+
 - pN-
- **Trastuzumab in node-negative disease
(if chemotherapy is indicated)**
 - > 10 mm
 - > 5–10 mm
 - ≤ 5 mm

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
	1b ^a	B	+
	1b ^a	B	+/-
	1a	A	++
	2b	B	+
	2b	B	+/-

Adjuvant Treatment with Trastuzumab / Pertuzumab

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	LoE	GR	AGO
Start of treatment			
▪ Simultaneously with taxanes	1a	A	++
▪ Sequentially up to 3 months after chemotherapy	1b	B	+
▪ s.c. = i.v.	1a	A	++
Duration			
▪ For 1 year	1a	A	++
▪ For 0.5 years (Trastuzumab)	1a	A	+
▪ For 2 years	1b	A	-

Adjuvant Treatment with Trastuzumab +/- Pertuzumab: Chemotherapy regimen



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	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
Trastuzumab simultaneously with			
▪ paclitaxel / docetaxel after AC / EC	1a	A	++
▪ P q1w 12 x in pT < 2 cm, pN0	2b	B	+
▪ docetaxel and carboplatin	1b	A	+
Trastuzumab + Pertuzumab simultaneously with			
▪ paclitaxel q1w (or docetaxel q3w) after EC / AC	1b	B	++
▪ docetaxel+ carboplatin	1b	B	+
▪ taxanes dose-dense	2b	B	+
Radiotherapy concurrently with Trastuzumab / Pertuzumab	2b	B	+

Adjuvant Therapy With Other Targeted Agents

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- **Lapatinib**
 - (delayed adjuvant treatment)
- **Lapatinib + Trastuzumab**
- **Neratinib* (one year) after completing a year of adjuvant trastuzumab (if HR-positive)**
- **Bevacizumab**

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
Lapatinib	1b ^a	B	-
Lapatinib (delayed adjuvant treatment)	1b	B	-
Lapatinib + Trastuzumab	1b ^a	B	-
Neratinib* (one year) after completing a year of adjuvant trastuzumab (if HR-positive)	1b	B	+
Bevacizumab	1b	B	--

* In addition to standard endocrine treatment

Postneoadjuvant Therapy HR+ / HER2-

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Oxford

LoE	GR	AGO
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HR positive (pCR and non-pCR)

▪ Endocrine therapy according to menopausal state (s. chap. 10)	1a	A	++
▪ Abemaciclib for 2 yrs + endocrine therapy if high risk of recurrence ¹	1b	B	+
▪ Palbociclib for 1-2 yrs + endocrine therapy	1b	B	-
▪ Olaparib for 1 yr + endocrine therapy (gBRCA1/2 ^{MUT} , if non-pCR and CPS-EG Score ≥ 3) ²	1b	B	+
▪ Capecitabine (non-pCR)	3b	C	+/-

¹ According inclusion criteria monarchE-study,

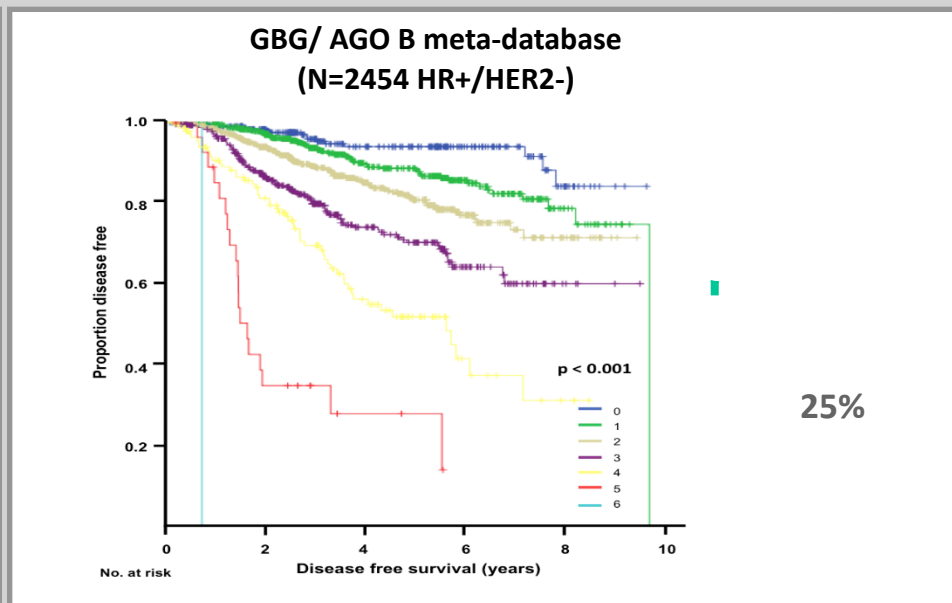
² According inclusion criteria OlympiA-study

How to calculate CPS+EG Score?

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Point assignment for CPS+EG score			
Clinical Stage			
I	0	T1N0; T0N1mi, T1N1mi	
IIA	0	T0N1; T1N1; T2N0	
IIB	1	T2N1; T3N0	
IIIA	1	T0-2N2	
IIIB	2	T4N0-2	
IIIC	2	Any T N3	
Pathologic Stage			
0	0	T0/isN0	
I	0	T1N0; T0N1mi, T1N1mi	
IIA	1	T0N1; T1N1; T2N0	
IIB	1	T2N1; T3N0	
IIIA	1	T0-2 N2	
IIIB	1	T4 N0-N2	
IIIC	2	Any T N3	
Tumor Biologic Factors			
ER negative	1		
Nuclear grade 3	1		



Adjuvant / Post-Neoadjuvant Treatment with CDK4/6i



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	monarchE	PALLAS	PENELOPE ^B
N	5,637	5,600	1,250
CDK4/6i	Abemaciclib	Palbociclib	Palbociclib
% of pts. with NACT	37%	n.r.	100%
Duration of CDK4/6i treatment	24 mths	24 mths	12 mths
Follow-up	27.1 mths	24 mths	43 mths
Discontinuation rate	28%	42%	20%
Discontinuation rate due to AE _{CDKi}	17%	27%	5%
IDFS-HR (95%-CI)	0.70 (0.59-0.82) p < 0.0001	0.96 (0.81-1.14) p = 0.65	0.93 (0.74-1.16) p = 0.525
2-yrs IDFS	92.7% vs. 90.0%	n.r.	88% vs. 78%
3-yrs IDFS	88.8% vs. 83.4%	88% vs. 89%	81% vs. 78%
4-yrs IDFS	n.r.	84.2% vs. 84.5%	73% vs. 72%

IDFS: invasive disease-free survival

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Postneoadjuvant Therapy TNBC

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	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
<u>pCR</u>			
▪ Continuation of pembrolizumab, if started with neoadj. therapy (q3w for 9 courses)	1b	B	+
<u>Non-pCR</u>			
▪ Capecitabine (q3w up to 8 courses)*	1a	A	+
▪ Olaparib (<i>gBRCAm^{MUT}</i>) ¹	1b	B	+
▪ Continuation of Pembrolizumab, if started with neoadj. therapy (q3w up to 9 courses)	1b	B	++

¹ according inclusion criteria of OlympiA trial

* without platin based previous therapy

Postneoadjuvant Therapy: HER2-positive

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pCR

- **Low risk: Trastuzumab (to complete 12 mths)**
- **High risk (cN+): Trastuzumab + Pertuzumab (to complete 12 mths)**
- **Neratinib after 1 year Trastuzumab (HR-positive)***

non-pCR

- **T-DM1**
- **Trastuzumab + Pertuzumab (to complete 12 mths)**
- **Additional HER2-directed therapy after 1 yr (extended adjuvant th.)**
 - **Neratinib after Trastuzumab (HR-positive)***
 - **Neratinib after other HER2-directed therapies (HR-positive)***

	Oxford		
	LoE	GR	AGO
Low risk: Trastuzumab (to complete 12 mths)	2a	C	++
High risk (cN+): Trastuzumab + Pertuzumab (to complete 12 mths)	2b	C	+
Neratinib after 1 year Trastuzumab (HR-positive)*	2b	B	-
T-DM1	1b	B	+
Trastuzumab + Pertuzumab (to complete 12 mths)	2b	C	+/-
Additional HER2-directed therapy after 1 yr (extended adjuvant th.)			
Neratinib after Trastuzumab (HR-positive)*	2b	B	+
Neratinib after other HER2-directed therapies (HR-positive)*	5	D	+/-

* In combination with standard endocrine treatment